Victoria Daily Times.

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Belt Clasps and Blouse Sets.

A New Lot Just In. All Kinds and Prices.

-The Best Assortment Yet Shown.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,

JEWELLERS. 47 Government St.

Stock Now Complete In Following Departments

Women's Jackets . . .
Misses' Jackets . . .
Children's Jackets . . .
Women's Costumes. . .
Misses' Costumes. . .
Capes and Waterproofs

The newest and most fashionable garments from the leading markets of the world, surpassing all previous seasons in style and values.

The Hutcheson Co. Limited:

THE WESTSIDE, Sept. 15, 1899.

THIS FINE WEATHER

Acts like the values we are giving—it makes every one happy and contented. You will surely be pleased with yourself if you are patronizing us, but if not, you should do so at once, so as not to miss the offers we are making every week.

Fine Island Apples.....$1.00 box
Fine Island Potatoes.....$1.00 sack
American Rolled Oats.....7 lbs. for 25c
Quaker Oats.....2 pkgs. 25c

"Dixi" Hams and Bacon are unsurpassed. Washing Starch in Toy Trunks.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Demanding the Best.....

The most progressive builders demand the best hardware for their work. The most intelligent come to us. They know we give them the best goods and make the prices right for them. They are satisfied that we do better for them than any other dealer and are glad to show they value our methods by coming to us.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Cor. Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

JUST ARRIVED.

All at Rock Bottom Prices to the Trade

20,000 feet Plate.....
21 Boxes Fancy.....
20 Boxes Roller Skylight

GLASS

J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 FORT ST.

J. & J. TAYLOR'S FIRE-PROOF **SAFES** AND VAULT DOORS.

AGENTS

JOHN BARNSLEY & CO.

115 GOVERNMENT STREET

Also Kodaks, Firearms, Fishing Tackle, Ammunition, Bicycles, etc., etc.

WILLIAM F. BEST

ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST

(Heidelberg and Leipsig). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 28 Broad street, opposite Driard Hotel, Victoria.

COAL, $5.50 PER TON—New Wellington Collieries. Kingham & Co., agents; office, 44 Fort street; telephone call 647.

Lee & Fraser,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

$60,000 To Loan at low rates of interest on good security.

9 and 11 Trounce Avenue.

TO LET Ten-roomed house, with two acres, about two miles from City Hall, at a low rental. Also a building on Johnson street, below Government, containing 47 well lighted rooms.

APPLY B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, 40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

BARGAINS THIS WEEK.

1½ story house James Bay, $750.
5 roomed cottage, David street, $1,050.
Cottage Fernwood road, only $650.
6 roomed cottage, stable, etc., Harrison street, $1,600.
8 roomed house, "well finished," Richmond avenue, cheap.
Nice cottage, 6 rooms, stable, etc., Chestnut street, very cheap.
To let, furnished cottage, 5 rooms.
To let, small cottage, Oak Bay, waterfront.
I am offering a few choice building sites in ½ acre blocks, very cheap; the estate of R. W. Pearse, Esq.
Fire Insurance, Money to Loan, Coal and Wood, best quality.

P. C. MACGREGOR, Agent,
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, ETC. 92 GOVERNMENT STREET.

A. W. JONES

FIVE SISTERS BLOCK

Real Estate, Insurance and Financial Agent.

Canada Life Assurance Co
Caledonian Fire Insurance Co.
Phoenix Assurance Co. of London

MONEY TO LOAN From private funds in sums from $500 to $50,000

GAS FOR COOKING

THE GAS COMPANY are loaning and connecting FREE OF CHARGE Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.

Fuel Gas, $1.25 per M. cubic feet.

Stoves can be seen at the Gas Works, Lower Government street, and at L. Blanks' old Post Office building, Government street.

Removal.

We beg to inform our customers and friends that we have removed to new and commodious premises in the McCandless and Campbell Block (a few doors above old stand), Johnson street. We will be pleased to have you call and see our new Fall goods which have just arrived.

Walter D. Kinnaird,
THE CASH TAILOR

Preliminary Announcement.

W. JONES
AUCTIONEER

Will conduct a Sale of desirable and well kept Household Furniture and Effects. Particulars in a few days.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

BREAD Something New in Bread.

Smith's Machine Roller Bread Try it. For sale by all grocers, or leave orders for waggon to call.

M. R. SMITH & CO.

WE MAKE A specialty of compounding Physicians' Prescriptions.

PURE DRUGS. COMPETENT DISPENSERS.

Clarence Block, Corner of Yates and Douglas Sts. **HALL & CO.** Dispensing Chemists

It is a remarkable fact that while the premium rates of The Ontario Mutual Life are from 10 to 15 per cent. lower than those charged by the leading American companies, the Ontario Mutual has paid better results on its matured policies. A comparison of actual results of exactly similar policies for twenty or twenty-five years, or at maturity of endowment term, furnishes indisputable evidence in proof of this claim, and is the most practical test that can be applied to any company.

REMEMBER that in taking out an insurance policy you are making a permanent investment. Don't experiment with it, but insure in an old reliable company whose past record and present standing is unsurpassed.

IT WILL PAY YOU to see our rates and plans.

R. L. DRURY,
Provincial Manager,
34 Broad street, Victoria, B.C.

Ex DRUMBLAIR.

Finest Spanish Ports and Sherries

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

Fountain Syringes Hot Water Bottles

A complete assortment. A full range of prices.

EVERY ONE GUARANTEED.

JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST,
N.W. Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

Let Us Fill Your Prescription.

WANTED—Old copper, brass, zinc, lead, scrap iron, rope, canvas and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street. B. Aaronson, Agent.

GET YOUR AMMUNITION at John Barnsley & Co.'s, 115 Government street. Largest stock in the Province.

COAL AND WOOD — Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Swinnerton & Oddy's, telephone 491.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; modern conveniences; good dining rooms. Sample rooms for commercial use. M. Walt, The Vernon, 66 Douglas street.

LUMP COAL, NUT COAL, SACK COAL, SLACK COAL. Telephone 694. Mann, Holland & Co., Trounce and Broad street.

UNION BREWERY, 150 Government street; cellar entrance, rear of Hotel Victoria.

HASTIE'S FAIR -FOR- **Tin and Enamelware.**

77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

HOUDE'S Straight Cut Cigarettes

MANUFACTURED BY

B. Houde & Co., Quebec.

Are Better than the Best.

Wholesale at B.C. Jobbing Co., 31 Store Street, Victoria.

Declined To Yield

Americans Offered Aguinaldo Every Inducement Short of Self Government.

President Schurman Thinks the Philippine Tribes Should Have Home Rule

(Associated Press.)

New York, Sept. 15.—A special to the World from Ithaca, N. Y., says:

"Your correspondent is able to say, on authority, that the Schurman peace commission offered every possible inducement, short of absolute self government, to Aguinaldo and his followers:

"Aguinaldo was promised, as the price for the restoration of peace, the Tagalos bonus of over $5,000 a year, while the Tagalos remained peaceful. He was told he could choose men from his tribe for the minor municipal offices, and the commission went so far as to promise Aguinaldo the moral support of the United States government, if such was needed, to make his leadership of the Tagalos thorough and secure.

"With all these inducements, tempting as they must have been, Aguinaldo, as the recognized head of the insurgent movement, declined to yield. He insisted upon immediate self government, and as his insistance was so firm as to make an agreement impossible, the American commissioners ceased negotiations.

"President Schurman favors giving the various tribes the largest possible measure of home rule at the earliest moment."

The Chinese Question.

Washington, D.C., Sept. 15.—The Manila American, a copy of which has been received at the war department, discusses the Chinese situation in the Philippines, and says it has become interesting in view of the order of General Otis to enforce the Chinese immigration laws and the Chinese exclusion act against the Chinese in the Philippines.

The paper says: "In the native inhabitants of these islands the Chinese long ago discovered a kindred race, the climate suited them, and they found a country naturally richer and less crowded than China. Under the Spanish regime many of them acquired wealth and received appointments to important positions. To-day there are lots of Chinese Mestizos officers in the insurgent army. They are said to be the bitterest insurrectors of all. Most of the Mestizos are of the Catholic faith and numerous Chinese have been converted.

FUNERAL OF CORNELIUS VANDERBUILT.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Sept. 15.—Funeral services were held over the body of Cornelius Vanderbilt to-day at St. Bartholemew's Episcopal Church. The services at the church were preceded by brief exercises at the house, to which only members of the family and close friends were admitted. Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, rector of St. Bartholemew's, officiated at both services.

MANY PERSONS DROWNED.

(Associated Press.)

Vienna, Sept. 15.—The town of Schardinig, on the Inn in Upper Austria, is flooded. The water has reached the upper floors of the houses, in some instances to the roofs. Several persons have been drowned. The inhabitants of Ebensee and Steyr have deserted their dwellings. The rivers Inns and Traun are falling, but the Danube is still rising.

Munich, Sept. 15.—The floods are subsiding in Uppper Bavaria, but railway communication in the south and southeast is still interrupted.

—Victoria Cafe for afternoon tea.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET—An eight roomed house, with stove, bath, hot and cold water, on Cormorant, next to Douglas. Apply 40 Pandora street.

FOR SALE—Double seated English dogcart, in good condition. Apply Dr. Bell, the Barracks.

AN APPEAL AND A WARNING

British Commissioner Urges the Imperial Authorities to Terminate the Suspense in South Africa.

PROSPECTS OF AN EARLY CONFLICT

Boers Will Gather on the Frontier After the Dispatch of Kruger's Reply--The Real Crisis Yet to Come--Oom Paul Interviewed.

(Associated Press.)

London, Sept. 15.—A bluebook containing the last Transvaal dispatch of Secretary Chamberlain relating to matters which led to its being sent was issued to-day.

The text of Chamberlain's note is identical with the dispatch cabled to the Associated Press.

The only important feature revealed is a telegram from British High Commissioner Milner, dated August 31st, referring to the commercial distress and saying:

"I am receiving representations from many quarters to urge the Imperial government to terminate the suspense. British South Africa is prepared for extreme measures and is ready to suffer much more in order to see the vindication of British authority. It is the prolongation of the negotiations, endless and undecisive, that is dreaded. I fear seriously there will be a strong reaction of feeling against the policy of the Imperial government if matters drag. Please understand I invariably preach confidence and patience and tact without effect, but if I did not inform you of the increasing difficulty of doing this and the unmistakable growth of uneasiness about the present situation and the desire to see it terminated at any cost I should be failing in my duty."

Other lengthy dispatches from the British High Commissioner are made public, but they only reiterate the Outlanders' claims regarding the franchise and the commissioner's ideas regarding the proposition already made.

The bluebook throws no new light on the situation as it is to-day, except to show that the commissioner's patience has reached the ebbing point.

Kruger Interviewed.

A published interview with Kruger, said to have taken place at Pretoria yesterday, is far more important. He is quoted as saying:

"I have tried all along to place the aliens in the Transvaal on the same footing politically as burghers. Mr. Chamberlain says I have not kept my promise. This," thundered Kruger, "I deny."

Continuing, Kruger added: "The aliens of the Transvaal have the same commercial rights as the burghers, and have always enjoyed them without interference. I wanted to let them have the same political rights, but they would not avail themselves of this. Roughly, there are more than fifty thousand aliens who have been here more than seven years and have registered, thus being eligible to the franchise. Yet of the British subjects who have availed themselves of it, the chief part has been the Afrikanders, and not the English born. This shows the British in the Transvaal do not want the franchise. In my opinion there is no cause whatever for war. 'Everything could be settled by arbitration."

Protest Against Further Delay.

The second edition of the London Times to-day prints a special dispatch from Newcastle, Natal, dated September 15th, which bears out the British High Commissioner's statement, as it says the Outlanders' council has transmitted to the Imperial government what practically amounts to a protest against further delay. The correspondent says:

"They cannot contemplate without grave misgivings the possibility that the Pretoria government will be permitted to further delay matters on the plea of consulting the burghers."

The correspondent adds: "There is nothing to confirm the reports that the Boers will concede Chamberlain's demands. On the contrary, it is stated that three thousand men will be dispatched to the border immediately after the Transvaal reply is sent. Everything points to the prospect of an early conflict."

Messages from Capetown to-day tend to confirm the pessimistic view of the Times correspondent at Newcastle.

The news that a strong force of Boers has been stationed one hour from Ramathlabama, commanding the Pretoria and Johannesburg roads, has created great indignation at Capetown.

The first battalion of the Manchester regiment arrived at Capetown to-day, disembarked and marched through the streets.

The soldiers were wildly cheered. They were reviewed by Lieut.-General Sir Frederick Walker, commander of the British troops in South Africa. The battalion re-embarked and proceeded to Natal.

These troops form the first instalment of the reinforcements sent from Gibraltar to Capetown.

Real Crisis Yet To Come.

New York, Sept. 15.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

"A cold fit has followed the hot fit over war with the Transvaal. The acceptance by Kruger of the proposals of peace made with dignity and tact in Chamberlain's dispatch is regarded as highly probable. The Boers are simply requested to carry out their own offer of August 19th, with the suzerainty left out and permission to use English in the Volksraad added. The commission of inquiry and the Capetown conference ought easily to be arranged, since the Boers have accepted one and apparently want the other. An interval of pacific diplomacy may be confidently expected unless there is a sudden change of temper in Pretoria.

"The keenest and best informed observers assert the real crisis will come when the guarantees for permanent peace are discussed in the conference.

"The natural inference is that the British representatives will demand a reduction of the defensive works at Johannesburg or at Pretoria, since these menace Englishmen only and are not needed for external defence from any foreign quarter. The reduction or abandonment of the fortifications will probably be proposed as a reasonable guarantee of peace, which will be satisfactory to the Imperial government.

"The Boers will not be likely to take the same view of the matter. They will consider it an unreasonable demand, remembering the Jameson raid, and the real crisis in the relations between the Transvaal and England will follow."

Will Dreyfus Be Pardoned?

It Is Rumored the Court Has Decided to Release the Prisoner.

And That the Decree Will Be Signed on Tuesday--Esterhazy Challenged.

Paris, Sept. 15.—The Matin this morning asserts that the cabinet has agreed to pardon Dreyfus, and that the decree will be signed on September 19th.

Many of the provincial papers publish articles insisting on the granting of a pardon.

The Figaro says many of the officers of the army are asking that Drefus be pardoned.

A Challenge for Esterhazy.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 15.—Paul E. Ayer, of Anderson, S. C., has cabled a challenge to Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy to fight a duel on behalf of Captain Dreyfus.

Ayer is a son of the late General Ayer of the Confederate army, and was a sergeant in the First South Carolina Volunteers during the Spanish war.

We are Prompt, We are Careful and We are Always at Our Post.

Campbell's Prescription Store

CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS.
VICTORIA, B.C.

For Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

Action Still Undecided

The Transvaal Government Has Not Yet Replied to Britain.

Boers Are Defiant--The Convention of 1884 Must Be Maintained.

Pretoria, Sept. 14.--The first draft of the reply to the British note was discussed to-day. It is understood the government will draw up the reply in its final form to-morrow and immediately submit it to the volksraad. The reply will be in terms strongly influenced by the Orange Free State, and among other features the maintenance of the convention of 1884 will be strongly asserted.

The situation this evening is not considered as favorable as it was during the forenoon.

Boers Defiant.

London, Sept. 14.--The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Pretoria says: "The members of the volksraad received Mr. Chamberlain's despatch defiantly to-day (Thursday), individual members declaring that Great Britain must moderate her demands. On the other hand, a rumor is current that Kruger favors compliance, and has even suggested that he desires the irreconcilables to leave Pretoria and consult their constituents, thereby avoiding their opposition. This belief is held in Johannesburg, and accounts for the hopeful condition of the market, but the general public is pessimistic."

The Times correspondent says: "It is very doubtful whether an unqualified acceptance of Great Britain's demands will be given."

Despatches from Capetown dated midnight attach great importance to an article in the Onsland, the organ of the Afrikander bund, which urges the Transvaal government to renew its offer regarding a conference, declaring that there is no reason why the Transvaal should not accept a conference, and calling attention to the fact that the word "suzerainty" is not mentioned by Mr. Chamberlain, and that therefore there is nothing to indicate an objection on the part of either government to abandon its views on this subject. The article is understood to be the outcome of an important Afrikander caucus held to discuss the matter. There is every reason to believe that Mr. Hoffmeyer, the Afrikander leader, has wired Kruger to the same effect, and similar representations have been telegraphed from the Orange Free State.

The Paris correspondent of the Times says that M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, has directed the French consul in the Transvaal to endeavor to persuade President Kruger to accept Mr. Chamberlain's proposal.

The Defences of Pretoria.

London, Sept. 15.--Telegraphing from Capetown, the Daily News correspondent says: "A thousand men are engaged in strengthening the defences of Pretoria. Trenches are being excavated and earthworks constructed. It is reported that both raads will adjourn at the end of the week to enable members to consult their constituents on the questions raised in Mr. Chamberlain's despatch."

DREYFUS IN PRISON.

How the Prisoner Spends his Time--Queen Victoria and the Sentence.

London, Sept. 15.--The Daily Telegraph correspondent in Paris says: "It is certain that Capt. Dreyfus will be liberated. The only question to be settled is one of ways and means."

Rennes, Sept. 14.--Dreyfus is in good spirits, and his health is fairly satisfactory. Yesterday, Madame Dreyfus spent an hour with him. M. Labori's assistant sees him twice a day. Most of his waking hours are passed in reading correspondence and Paris literary reviews. He is under the same discipline as prior to the trial, and is allowed to exercise daily in the prison yard. A guard of 40 soldiers is posted in the prison yard beneath his window, and a sentry with loaded rifle and fixed bayonet is stationed on the wall overlooking the courtyard.

The Queen and the Verdict.

London, Sept. 14.--The Queen, who is at Ballater, Scotland, is said to be receiving a great number of telegrams and letters from her subjects at home and abroad begging her to plead with President Loubet for Dreyfus' pardon.

It is known that the news of the Rennes verdict, which reached the court at Balmoral on Saturday night, greatly affected the Queen, who had followed the proceedings with attentive interest.

According to the Daily Mail, which is a strong advocate of the boycott of the Paris exposition as a protest against the Rennes verdict, A. Bonsfield, president of an organization including in its membership the colonial agents general, and representing commercial firms with an aggregate capital of £2,000,000, favors the projected boycott.

AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITIONS.

Kamloops	Sept. 20, 21, 22
Nanaimo	Sept. 22, 23
Okanagan	Sept. 26, 27, 28
Langley	Sept. 27
Ashcroft	Sept. 27, 28, 29
New Westminster	Oct. 3, 4, 5, 6
Salmon Arm	Oct 9, 10

CANADIAN BREVITIES.

Fred. Barnes, a C. P. R. brakeman, was killed at Chatham yesterday.

The steamer Greta Holme, bound for Hull, is aground in the St. Lawrence.

A summer hotel was burned on Wednesday night, with 11 cottages. The loss is about $40,000.

W. Brown was crushed to death between a traction engine and a separator at Stackton yesterday.

The death is announced of John Doull, a prominent merchant of Halifax, and president of the Bank of Nova Scotia.

Deliveries of new wheat are delayed at many points in Manitoba owing to scarcity of men and teams for threshing and hauling.

Owen Sound freight-handlers are still on strike. The C. P. R. started 30 men to work to-day, but they quit when requested to do so by the strikers.

C. W. Taylor, founder and manager since its organization of the Waterloo Mutual Fire Insurance Company, of Waterloo, and also vice-president of the Ontario Mutual since its inception, died yesterday.

Damage to the extent of $20,000 was done by a fire which broke out in the upper part of 303 St. James street, Montreal, occupied by J. W. Nellis & Co., manufacturers' agents, the Sandford Fleming Co.'s store room, and other firms.

A farmer named Lennie, residing at St. Pierre, yesterday sent his son, aged 12, to a neighbors for a gun. The boy met Edward Prefontaine, 8 years old, and pointed the gun at him, saying: "I will shoot you." The gun went off and shot young Prefontaine above the heart killing him instantly.

The death of Mrs. Gowanlock, who was held prisoner by Big Bear near Battleford in the rebellion of 1885, is announced from Tiverton, Ont. Mrs. Gowanlock's husband was murdered by the Indians, and her death was the result of the suffering she endured while a prisoner of Big Bear.

Writing from Sydney, N. S. W. Commissioner Larke, again calls attention to the manner in which Canadian manufacturers and exporters are neglecting their opportunity in Australia. He says orders are not filled promptly. Packing cases are defective, the contents of the cases are not marked upon them, and invoices are made out at prices higher than quoted in first instances.

ROMAN CATHOLICISM.

London, Sept. 15.--In a four column article on the Pope and Americanism, the Rome correspondent of the Times says: "The recent conflict was of intense interest for Englishmen, because behind the name of Hecker and all it implies lies the wider and weightier question, Is Roman Catholicism, with its infallible authority and iron framework of dogma, foundamentally comparable with the virility and independence of the Anglo-Saxon temperament?"

After giving a history of Father Hecker and his movements and of the recent conflict, the correspondent concludes as follows: "So long as the American Catholics formulate no doctrine, claim no liberty and avoid all action which might give a handle to their foes, they may hope to live in peace. Yet the question arises, How long will respect for their past, their independence in spirit, and especially the constant influence of the American environment, permit them to hold their tranquility on sufferance or to enjoy their freedom by stealth?"

THE MAZET INVESTIGATION.

New York, Sept. 14.--Mayor Van Wyck, Richard Croker, Edward Lauterbach, of the borough of Manhattan, and Hugh McLaughlin, of the borough of Brooklyn, ex-State Senator Rice, of Rondout, President S. P. Butcher, of the Rampo Water Co., Edward M. Grout, president of the borough of Brooklyn, and a number of other officials of Greater New York, participated in the proceedings of the Mazet investigation committee to-day. The Rampo Water Co., the corporation anxious to obtain the $200,000,000 contract with the city of New York, was the subject under investigation.

While on the stand Mayor Van Wyck intimated that Mr. Moss seemed to think that Silas B. Butcher, Levi P. Morton and Gen. Tracy were a pack of thieves.

This was the first time Governor Morton's name has been connected with the Rampo Company, and Mr. Moss pressed Mr. Van Wyck for the purpose of ascertaining what the chief executive of New York City knew about the stock holdings in the corporation possessed by the former chief executive of the state. He was unable to obtain any definite and accurate information. In fact, when closely interrogated by Mr. Moss the mayor retorted, "None of your business," while Richard Croker under similar pressure replied, "That is my private affair."

Tonight

If your liver is out of order, causing Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, or Constipation, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

On retiring, and tomorrow your digestive organs will be regulated and you will be bright, active and ready for any kind of work. This has been the experience of others; it will be yours. HOOD'S PILLS are sold by all medicine dealers. 25 cts.

Not the Work of Indians

The Jessie Party Were Not Massacred, but Drowned During a Storm.

Dr. Romig, a Missionary, Sends News of the Finding of Bodies.

Other Mute Evidence of the Deaths of the Prospectors

The first authentic news of the disaster to the Jessie party, which occurred in Kuskokwim bay in the latter part of June, 1898, has just been received. Dr. Romig, of the Moravian mission at Bethel, who has been one of the most active searchers for information of the disaster, brought tidings of the finding of several bodies during the fall of 1898 and the present year. He also brought mute evidences of the fate of the expedition in the form of unfortunates cast up by the waves and washed ashore at different points along the entrance to the river. These articles he turned over to Ed. Chilberg, manager of the Columbia Navigation Company, which owned the wrecked vessel, and at whose offices in Seattle the members of the expedition made their headquarters while outfitting for the trip. Mr. Chilberg will use them as a means of identification.

Dr. Romig scouts the idea of murder, the bodies already found showing absolutely no trace of violence, save that from the sea. Having lived among the natives of the Kuskokwim for several years, he feels that he is capable of understanding their nature and charcteristics, and with all his knowledge and experience among them he has yet to find a vicious or barbaric trait. In direct contrast, they are most timid, and such a thing as handling the body of a dead person or waging warfare is too absurd to discuss. At certain seasons of the year fierce southeast and southwest gales sweep the coast and render navigation in that vicinity dangerous. It was during one of these storms that the Jessie party left Goodnews bay for the mouth of the Kuskokwim river, and as she was a small steamer and heavily loaded, she no doubt sank, all on board going to a watery grave.

The massacre theory, according to Dr. Romig, was reported in good faith, but it is a report and nothing else. Among the missionaries at Bethel and other points on the Kuskokwim it is the belief that the report is the creation of some native brain, most likely a woman, as one of the most pronounced characteristics of native women is to romance. Dr. Romig, in discussing this massacre feature, gives the following reasons why it is false. The wreckage came ashore during the storm of June 27-30, and was found as soon as the storm was over, and reported to the mission on July 9; the bodies were not robbed of any valuables; the Indian guide himself was lost, and the bodies that came ashore on the Quinehagamuit side of the bay were reported by those who buried them as having no marks of violence. These facts, Dr. Romig asserts, speak for themselves and lay at rest all suspicions of foul play.

Dr. Romig had hoped to be present during the investigation held by the officers of the revenue cutter Corwin, but as supplies at the mission were down to low water mark, he was compelled to make the trip to this port and lay in a supply for the coming winter. The missionaries are taking great interest in the recovery of the bodies of the members of the expedition.

Dr. Romig, when asked for a statement of the affair, spoke as follows:

"On June 8, 1898, several of the missionaries residing at Bethel started for the coast to await the annual supply boat for the Kuskokwim river. Among the party were Rev. J. H. Kilbuck and myself, of the mission force. At Quinehagamuit, Kuskokwim bay, the trader, Mr. Lind, and party joined the mission party. Nothing of any great interest occurred until the morning of June 25, when Rev. E. L. Weber, a member of the mission force, returned from a furlough at home in the states, surprising the mission party by paddling ashore in a kiak, or native canoe. He brought the mail for the missionaries, and stated that he had come from one of the mission boats to assist a mining party in landing their goods.

"This party afterwards proved to be the ill-fated Jessie party. Rev. Kilbuck was out in the bay at the time seal hunting, having along with him the best sailors to be found. I remarked that the second mission boat was not ballasted nor properly rigged for such a trip, and advised Rev. Weber to await the return of Rev. Kilbuck. My suggestion was not heeded, and Rev. Weber then tried to get Mr. Lind, the trader, to take the mission boat then at the Quinehagamuit and accompany him to Goodnews bay, where the party was awaiting his return. Mr. Lind refused to go in the second mission boat, whereupon I consented to his taking the scow, or second boat, if he could get a crew. A crew was procured, but after Rev. Weber left no attempt was made to hoist the anchor, as a storm was threatening, and the natives were afraid to venture out.

"Before leaving, Mr. Weber made the statement that he and his family had secured a free passage from Unalaska for his services as pilot to the party, which was composed of fourteen miners. He said he was to pilot these men as far up the river as Ougavig, or about 180 miles from Bethel. Rev. Weber hurried away, leaving at midnight on June 25, giving as his reasons the anxiety of the miners to hurry up the river and the desire of his wife for his return. Before he left I reminded him of Portage bay, in case he found it necessary to put in there. I also advised him to wait in Goodnews bay until Rev. Kilbuck could arrive with the mission boat Swan, and finally, as it was becoming foggy, I offered him my pocket compass, but he laughed and said the party was well supplied. From natives I learned that Rev. Weber arrived at Goodnews bay on June 26, and that on the 27th the Jessie made a trial trip along shore, returning in the evening, leaving finally on the morning of the 28th. I learned that they lost a great deal of time securing a native pilot, but finally secured one. Once under way, the party consisted of fourteen miners, Mr. Weber, wife and child, and one native.

"On the evening of June 27 a storm blew up, and from the 28th to the 30th a severe southeast storm prevailed, so severe, in fact, that extra fastenings had to be put on our tents to keep them from being carried away. From all accounts obtainable, the disaster occurred on the evening of June 28, the first day out. Nothing whatever was heard from the party, and on July 3 Rev. Kilbuck made a trip to Goodnews bay to learn if the party were still there. From a native he learned that they had left some time before, but just what hour he could not say. Not satisfied with this meagre information, Rev. Kilbuck made another trip to Goodnews bay on July 9, but, as before, was unsuccessful in securing any news of the party. On the same day on which he left two natives arrived at Bethel from the opposite side of the bay and reported the finding of a barge some time before, the barge having been cast upon an island by the storm of June 27-30. This was the only clew to the wreck until July 31, when a native from Goodnews bay found on the beach the body of a white man just below Quinehagamuit, which afterwards proved to be the body of J. T. Murphy. The native missionaries at Quinehagamuit buried the remains, which were fearfully decomposed, and sent some of the possessions taken from the body to me.

"On August 4 an unverified report reached Bethel of the finding of the bodies of two white men and one native, but on investigation none of these bodies could be found. On August 9 Rev. Kilbuck returned from his second trip to the coast and reported the first body found to be that of J. T. Murphy, and also reported that a second body had been found and buried by the natives near Portage bay. This unknown body was described as being average in height and dressed in rather light clothing. Two knives were found on the body.

"This was the last information received until July 26 of this year, when some natives reported that the body of a man had been found on an island. It was said that the body resembled Rev. Weber. He was not buried by the natives who found him. On August 12 of this year another native from the same locality arrived at Bethel with information verifying the finding of the body supposed to be Mr. Weber, and with additional news of the finding of another body. Nothing was taken from the remains of either of these two, consequently their identification is not complete. On this same day, August 12, several other natives from the coast arrived with news of the disaster. One man in particular told of the finding of a body above the average height and dressed in a black suit and long overcoat. A watch was taken from the remains, which is now in the possession of the representative of the Columbia Navigation Company. As in the other cases the body was badly decomposed, which accounts for the failure of the natives in giving a more complete description of the dead, they being very superstitious regarding the handling of dead bodies. Other natives reported the finding of three bodies last fall on the shores of Nunivak island, but up to the present time this report has not been verified.

"From an interpreter named David the following list of the bodies recovered was secured: One man found above the warehouse; tall in stature, wore black clothing, and when found his hair was all gone and features beyond recognition. A silver watch was found on his person bearing the word "Monitor" and numbered 38,831.

"Body found just below Quinehagamuit; tall, well dressed, in pockets a gold watch and chain and Mystic Shrine emblem, bearing the inscription J. T. Murphy, Frankfort, Ky.

"Body found above Portage bay; medium stature, clothing worn and somewhat soiled; two knives found, one bearing the name Anheuser on the handle in German silver.

"Three men washed ashore on Nunivak island, on the body of one of whom was found a compass.

"The lighter, which was filled with supplies, drifted ashore in first-class condition a short distance from the hull of the Jessie. It is the firm belief of everyone about the mission that the ill-fated party left on the evening of June 28, and after proceeding but a short distance were lost in the bay not quite abreast of Portage bay. The boats then drifted up with the storm to the northwest and washed ashore near the village of Qunech-hug-a-mut. The bodies, no doubt, sank as soon as the steamer capsized, and upon coming to the surface later were washed ashore by the variable southerly winds that followed and were distributed as I have indicated."

One of a healthy woman's principal charms is her vivacity of carriage—the dainty, springy steps with which she walks. The woman who suffers from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism, who is troubled with backaches, stitches in the sides, dragging down or burning sensations, sick headaches and the multitude of other ills that accompany these disorders, cannot have the dainty, bounding carriage of a healthy woman. She will show in every movement that she is a sufferer.

There is a wonderful medicine for troubles of this description, that has stood the test for thirty years, and has been used successfully by many thousands of women. It is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned and makes them strong, healthy and vigorous. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the nerves. It is the discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce, an eminent and skillful specialist, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. This is one of the greatest medical institutions in the whole world. During the thirty years that Dr. Pierce has been at its head he has gained the unbounded respect of his fellow citizens at Buffalo, and they showed it by making him their representative in the National Congress, from which position he resigned to give the remainder of his life to the practice of his chosen profession. He will cheerfully answer, free of charge, any letters written to him by suffering women. Address, as above.

"A few years ago," writes Mrs. W. R. Bates, of Dilworth, Trumbull Co., Ohio, "I took Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which has been a great benefit to me. I am in excellent health now. I hope that every woman, who is troubled with 'women's ills,' will try the 'Prescription' and be benefited as I have been."

Two Years on the Trail

Four Grizzled Miners Return and Tell of Their Trials in Search of Gold.

Col. Wright's Company About to Start Their Clean-Up on Manson Creek.

After travelling almost continuously for about two years, the members of a party of men Klondike-bound reached Vancouver yesterday morning by the steamer Cupilano. During this time they have been nearly all over the northern part of British Columbia, and for some time at least they suffered very much, like many other as good men who attempted to go through by the Edmonton trail. The party left Edmonton a year ago last March, just at the height of the first Klondike excitement. They had come from Ashland, Wisconsin, and the members of the party were: Jim Brewer, N. G. Nelson, J. N. Bagger and E. Calberg, all of them hardy looking men, used to taking a good many knocks. They arrived a rather tired looking lot, and registered at one of the down-town hotels. Bagger was the leader of the party. The principal feature of his personal appearance is that he has not shaved for two years, and his hair and beard unite on his chest.

Calberg talked volubly of the troubles of the trip. There were few days last summer, he said, when he had not waded for long distances in water up around his waist. In the heat of the day his head would be burning, while his legs would be chilled by the icy waters of the rivers which they navigated. Then frequently they would be partially wrecked and tipped out in water over their heads, and again the performance would be varied and they would have to swim to get to shore. Then, in the winter, their sufferings were terrible. During the first summer they had a good deal of trouble with the Indians, who wanted to collect money for allowing them to pass through the country, and so on, but if it had not been for the Indians in the winter time a good many of the men in the country would have starved to death. Mr. Calberg said that a great many deaths had surely occurred, of which no tale would ever be told. The members of his party saw other men who said they had left their companions up in the hills, and when the Indians went to search for them they could not be found. The men had probably got off the trail and perished. Two young fellows came into Hazleton recently, their feet being badly frozen during the winter. Collections were made, and the men were sent down by the next steamer. Calberg believes in the country, from a mining point of view, however, and says that though it is hard for men to make wages with a pick and shovel, the district is a rich harvest for companies who can go in and spend some money on machinery.

Robert Whitty, the proprietor of a well known pack train which operates from Hazleton to Manson creek, also came down with the party. He said this morning that Colonel Wright's company on Manson creek intended starting their clean-up on the first of the month. They had everything in readiness, all the machinery in place and so on, and they expected to make a very good result of the last few years' work. On the other well known creeks in the district things looked very well, and a good season was in prospect. The snow fell in August to some small extent, but immediately went off again.

SOME NATIONAL BY-WORDS.

The Greeks grouped all foreigners as barbarians—babblers; to which the modern descendants of those conquering races have slowly evolved the repartee of classifying all tricksters and gamblers as "Greeks," the title of Houdin's book being an example: "Tricks of the Greeks Unveiled." But the Romans were earliest in the field, and made "Graecia mendax" a by-word.

At first international, the feeling of opposition became specialised. The citizen made the word "villager" into the reproach "pagan," and the countryman was to him a "villain." But the man of the fields or hamlet also found means to give an abusive significance to "bourgeois," to "cockney," to "Corinthian" and "Sybarite." Even to-day "rustic" implies rude, "urbane" is a trifle Pecksniffian, and "citified" and "countrified" have a similar import.

As the national rivalries were most universal, they have left the richest deposits of verbal missiles. We may pick up at random these word-shafts of long ago: "Punic faith;" "Dutch courage;" "Dutch talent; "the unspeakable Turk;" "perfidious Albion;" "French leave;" "Flanders mare;" "Nation of Shopkeepers." The list is endless, for each sect, each race, each clique, coined unlimited phrases of more or less currency.—The Century.

The French budget for 1900 shows an increase in the estimated expenditure of 45,000,000 francs. The war and marine ministries ask for 36,000,000 francs, for the supplementary force in Algiers and the building of new warships. The national debt amounts to thirty milliards.

Capt. Dulicken, of the British steamer Clan Robertson, which has arrived at New York from Glasgow, says he will offer the reception committee 00 of his officers and men to participate in the parade in honor of the American admiral. The Clan Robertson is manned by natives of India.

Baron Watson, lord of appeal in ordinary, and former member of parliament in the Conservative interest for the universities of Glasgow and Aberdeen, died yesterday in his 71st year.

The pain of a burn or scald is almost instantly relieved by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It also heals the injured parts more quickly than any other treatment, and without the burn is very severe does not leave a scar. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

ASK FOR EDDY'S

HOUSE, HORSE, STOVE and SCRUB

BRUSHES

THE MOST DURABLE ON THE MARKET.

They are manufactured by a new process and will OUTLAST any other kind offered for sale.

WEILER BROS.

Have just opened up a splendid range of

Nairn's Celebrated Linoleums and Floor Cloths

These goods come direct by the "Drumblair," and comprise the very latest styles in DURABLE FLOOR COVERINGS

SUITABLE FOR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, OFFICES, HOTELS, DINING-ROOMS, HALLS, KITCHENS, ETC.

Send for Samples and Quotations to Weiler Bros., Victoria.

THE MARKETS.

Supply of Game Scarce—Oat Crop Large.

The supply of game which, at the opening of the shooting season, was very plentiful, has fallen off very much, and dealers have great difficulty in securing a sufficiently large supply to meet the demands of their customers. Venison is extremely scarce, and what little comes on the market is immediately lifted, all the dealers having long orders standing. The grouse are rather small, due to the fact that the late, cold spring delayed the mating of the birds, and that the young were in consequence very small when the shooting season opened.

In the produce market, potatoes are steadily falling in price, the crop, although indifferent on the Island, being a plentiful one on the Fraser and in other Mainland districts.

A good supply of Island oats is coming on to the market, and the supply will be still larger in the course of another week, when the threshing which is now in progress will have been completed. The crop is a good one, the sample in the majority of cases exceeding the standard, although the grain is a little discolored by the wet weather which prevailed earlier in the season.

In fruit, Island apples are beginning to come in liberal quantities, and will soon supplant the imported varieties. The same remark applies to plums. Blackberries are coming in plentifully.

Following are the prices prevailing this week:

Flour—	
Ogilvie's Hungarian, per bbl.	$ 5 50
Lake of the Woods, per bbl.	5.50
Leitch's, per bbl.	5.50
O. K., per bbl.	5.00@ 5.50
Snow Flake, per bbl.	5.00
Calgary Hung.	5.50
Premier, per bbl.	5.50
XXX Enderby, per bbl.	5.00
Grain—	
Wheat, per ton	30.00@35.00
Corn (whole), per ton	26.00@28.00
Corn (cracked), per ton	27.00@30.00
Oats, per ton	30.00@35.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs.	40@ 50
Rolled oats (B. & K.)	04
Rolled oats (B. & K.), 7½ sack	30
Feed—	
Hay (baled), per ton	12.00@15.00
Straw, per bale	50@ 75
Middlings, per ton	23.00@25.00
Bran, per ton	20.00@22.00
Ground feed, per ton	28.00@30.00
Vegetables—	
Potatoes (new), per 100 lbs.	1.00@ 1.15
Water cress, per bunch	5
Watermelon	40@ 60
Cabbage, per lb	3
Cauliflower, per head	10
Lettuce, 4 hds. for	25
Onions, per lb	3
Onions (pickling), per lb.	3@ 4
Gherkins, per lb.	03@ 05
Tomatoes	10
Beans, per lb.	15
Peas, per lb.	4
Cucumbers, Island, each	10
Cucumbers, Cala. per doz.	25
Radishes, 2 bunches for	5
Rhubarb, per lb	2
Carrots, per lb	3
Turnips, per lb	3
Fish—	
Salmon (smoked), per lb.	15
Salmon (spring), per lb.	8@ 10
Oysters (Olympian), per pt.	50
Oysters (Eastern), per tin	60
Cod, per lb.	8
Halibut, per lb.	8@ 10
Herring	6
Smelt, per lb.	10
Flounders	8
Crabs, 3 for	25
Farm Produce—	
Eggs (Manitoba), per doz.	25
Eggs (Island, fresh), per doz.	40
Butter (Delta creamery)	30
Best dairy	15@ 20
Butter (Cowichan creamery)	25
Cheese (Canadian)	15@ 20
Lard, per lb.	12½@ 15
Meats—	
Hams (American), per lb.	18
Hams (Canadian), per lb.	18
Bacon (American), per lb.	15
Bacon (Canadian), per lb.	14@ 16
Bacon (rolled), per lb.	12@ 16
Bacon (long clear), per lb.	12½
Shoulders, per lb.	14
Beef, per lb	8@ 15
Mutton, per lb.	10@ 15
Veal, per lb.	12@ 15
Pork, per lb.	10@ 15
Fruit—	
Bananas, per dozen	30@ 40
Lemons (California) per doz.	20@ 25
Lemons (small)	10@ 15
Valencia oranges, per doz	25@ 35
Apples, per lb	5
Plums, per plate	5
Peaches, per 3 lbs.	25
Grapes, per lb	10
Blackberries, per lb	15
Pears, 3 lbs for	25
Poultry—	
Dressed fowl (per pair)	1.50@ 1.75
Ducks (per pair)	1.60
Turkeys (per lb., live weight)	20@ 25
Duck, dressed, each	75
Game—	
Grouse, per brace	1.00@ 1.25
Venison, per lb	8@ 10
Ducks, mallard, per pair	75@ 85
Ducks, teal, per pair	40

DESIRE AMERICAN PROTECTION.

Washington, Sept. 14.--According to mail advices received at the war department from Manila, it is stated the natives of the Island of Zamar are praying for the speedy arrival of the Americans, and will welcome the hoisting of the American flag.

It is said that as a result of the forcible collection of taxes by the emissaries of the insurgents, who take all they have got, the natives are in a state of semi-starvation. They have no faith in the Talalogs, and earnestly desire American protection. The agents of the insurgents endeavored to force the natives to join their forces, which they will not do.

The condition in the island, it is said, is rapidly approaching riot and anarchy, as the heavy and continued drag upon them in the form of tribute exasperates them, and they threaten desperate resistance if it continues.

GOOD ENOUGH TO TAKE.

The finest quality of loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to that of maple syrup, making it very pleasant to take. As a medicine for the cure of coughs, colds, la grippe, croup and whooping cough it is unequaled by any other. It always cures, and cures quickly. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Twelve thousand pounds were stolen from a cab in London yesterday. The money was being taken from a branch to the head office of a big city bank.

NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., Ld.

NANAIMO, B.C.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

Coal Mined by White Labor.

Best Protection Island Nut Coal $4.25

Per ton, delivered.
Good fuel for cooking stoves.

Best Protection Island Lump Coal $5.50

Per ton, delivered.

KINGHAM & CO.,

44 FORT STREET.

Sole Agents for Victoria for the New Wellington Collieries.

Telephone Call No. 647.
Wharf, Store St. (Spratt's Wharf.)

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the Company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated Victoria, 7th September, 1899.

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

NOTICE.

The annual general meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at the Company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 4th day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

Dated Victoria, 7th September, 1899.

More Than Empty Words

H. E. Lt.-Gen. Digby G. Barker Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Bermudas,

Makes a Generous Donation to the Funds of the Jubilee Hospital.

The Month's Business Dispatched --Ways and Means Discussed --Women's Work.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital was held in the Board of Trade rooms last evening, the most pleasing feature of which was the receipt of a much appreciated donation of $100 from His Excellency Lieutenant-General Digby G. Barker, C.B., governor and commander-in-chief of the Bermudas, at present a visitor to the city.

President H. Dallas Helmcken was in the chair, and there were also present Directors Wilson, Crimp, Forman, Drury and Grahame, Medical Superintendent Hasell and Secretary Elworthy.

A little delay occurred in obtaining a quorum, and until the latest arrival, whose name is withheld, made his appearance, the directors informally discussed a long report made some months ago by a special committee on ways and means which had been referred to this year's board for consideration. The report went at length into the question of the board's resources, suggesting an augmentation of the grants from the provincial government and the city council, also the raising of funds by means of a special canvass for subscriptions. The report, although of some considerable interest to all concerned in the welfare of the institution, is altogether too long for publication in these columns, but will be placed in the hands of the public as an addendum to the annual report of the board shortly to be published.

In the discussion which took place upon it Mr. H. M. Grahame expressed the opinion that the aid granted by the government is too small, and Mr. Crimp said that at the time some of the members of the legislature visited the hospital. Mr. J. M. Martin, of Rossland, said he was in favor of the grant being increased. This was regarded as a hopeful sign, and the president explained that the great advantage of printing this special report was that it will reach the members of the legislature, before whom the question of increasing the grant would undoubtedly come up again at the next session of the house.

Mr. Wilson pointed out that the new arrangement made by the present government, although it worked a hardship to the Jubilee, was a distinct advantage to the Vancouver hospital, where, as the city has no Old Men's Home, they have a number of indigent patients which count in the calculation of day's stay per annum.

Dr. Hasell, in answer to the remarks of some of the directors, said that last year there were no less than 50 patients from Vancouver. There are always some from various parts of the province, so that the institution is almost of a provincial character, and yet the government had placed it on the same footing as a small hospital at Vernon, for instance, where there are 12 beds.

The report was received and referred to the printing committee with power to include it in the annual report.

The quorum having been obtained at this time the meeting was made in order by the reading and adoption of the minutes, and correspondence being the next item of business, a letter was read from Mr. Coburn, of the E. & N. Railway service, informing the board that the employees of that road feel disposed to raise a fund for the purpose of paying for the treatment of their sick and injured, rather than to engage a room in the hospital, as at first suggested. Mr. Coburn expressed thanks for courtesies shown him in the matter, and the letter was received and filed.

J. E. Church, to whom were handed some accounts for collection, acknowledged receipt of same, and informed the board that his charge would be ten per cent. on the amount collected. If suit had to be instituted and as a result sufficient was not realized to pay the cost of the suit, the board must bear that expense. Received and filed, the terms being agreed to.

The usual report from the medical superintendent stated that the daily average number of patients during the month was 42.35; the total days' stay 1,373; and the daily average cost $1.28. The doctor called attention to the case of a Syrian, who has been an inmate of the hospital for several weeks and is incurable. His friends are desirous of sending him home, and are endeavoring to raise funds for that purpose. Mr. Grahame knew something about this patient, and after full discussion it was decided to discharge the Syrian. President Helmcken tender-heartedly pleading that before a sick man be turned out his friends be consulted with a view to his being properly looked after. This will be done, and, as it appears the man has some property in his native country, and a friendly compatriot is prepared to advance him some money on the security of that, he will in all likelihood be sent to Syria.

The medical superintendent asked that a fence be erected around the piece of land which is being used as a garden and that the loose stones be removed, both of which will be done.

But the cream of the doctor's report was contained in the announcement of the liberal donation received by him from His Excellency Lieut.-General Digby G. Barker, C. B., governor and commander-in-chief of the Bermudas, which is more fully set forth in the following letter from that gentleman:

Oak Bay Hotel, Sept. 12, 1899.

Dear Dr. Hasell,—I send the enclosed donation to the funds of the Jubilee hospital as a small thank offering for the great benefits which Mrs. Barker has derived from her treatment there and as a thankful recognition of the very kind attention which was bestowed upon her by all the hospital staff while she was an inmate, of which she frequently speaks with much gratitude.

I was greatly interested on my visit to the hospital this morning in seeing what an excellent building you have got and what an air of comfort and kindliness pervades it, thanks to the noble care of those who watch over and direct it.

Believe me, yours very sincerely,

G. DIGBY BARKER.

Dear Dr. Hasell,—I thank you for your kind reference to Mrs. Barker, and your wish to have some remembrance of her is very gratifying.

Of the four branches of the fund which you name I should prefer my donation being applied to the Women's Auxiliary, and Mrs. Barker has suggested that a sewing machine for the use of the nurses and an invalid chair such as that shown in to-day's paper to be much needed would be suitable and useful additions with which she would be proud to have her name associated.

May I ask, therefore, that the $100 which I sent may be devoted to this purpose.

I am,

Yours very truly,

G. DIGBY BARKER.

Mr. Wilson moved that the thanks of the board be tendered His Excellency for his handsome donation to the funds of the hospital, and the motion carried.

Dr. Hasell reported verbally that Mr. Haigh, the clerk at the hospital, has resigned his position and the resignation was accepted.

Mr. Crimp made a verbal report on behalf of the special committee appointed to wait upon the mayor and aldermen for the purpose of obtaining from them a donation of the amount levied as taxes. His worship had been unable to coincide with the views of the committee, as the civic funds available for charitable purposes is insufficient. The committee had then suggested that the city should pay $5 a month to the hospital in the way of rent, and this suggestion was more favorably received, and may be adopted.

Mrs. Hasell, secretary of the Women's Auxiliary, notified the board that an advisory committee consisting of Mesdames A. J. Smith, Hasell, D. W. Higgins, L. Goodacre, Rykert and Butler, had been appointed to discuss with a committee to be appointed by the board the work of the hospital and to refer certain matters to them for consideration.

The board appointed Messrs. Grahame, Drury, Wilson, Flumerfelt, Holland and Davies, a committee to meet the ladies.

The Women's Auxiliary also expressed a desire to be allowed to pay the account for the large supply of nightwear recently ordered, and assured the board that although because only recently organized they had not yet done all they intend to, they hoped to keep the linen chest well supplied.

The following report was received from the matron:

To the President and Board of Directors of Jubilee Hospital:

Gentlemen,—I have the honor to report the following donations for the month of August:

Old cotton, Mrs. Dunsmuir; 3 dozen small towels, Mrs. Goodacre; 1 doz. small towels, Mrs. Potts; magazines, Mrs. H. Dallas Helmcken; reading matter, Mrs. Gillespie; flowers, Reformed Episcopal church and St. Barnabas church.

The following were also received from the Women's Auxiliary: 12 tray cloths, 2½ yards glass toweling, 2 Turkish towels, 12 teapots, 48 small towels, 2 toilet sets, 6 soup dishes, 5 awning blinds, 1 pneumonia jacket, 3 glass lemon squeezers, 1 carpet sweeper, 12 quilts, 4 sheets, 23 pillow slips, 15 small muslin curtains, 11 night dresses, 2 night shirts, 2 dressing gowns, 1 dressing jacket, 6 towel racks, 3 hampers for soiled clothes, 10 flower vases, 12 knives.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

Yours sincerely,

J. M. GRADY,

Matron.

Received and the donors thanked.

Robert Jenkinson, the steward, was granted 10 days' leave of absence, the accounts for the month, totalling $1,386.94, were passed for payment and the board rose.

A SEPARATE EXHIBIT WANTED.

British Columbia's Request Regarding the Paris Exposition.

The Paris Exhibition commission at Ottawa has received a request from the British Columbia authorities asking that the mineral exhibit from that province may be kept separate from those of the other provinces. British Columbia thinks that she can score better by having her different mineral products grouped together instead of their identity being lost by the exhibits being shown in the several classes from other provinces of Canada. The matter will be decided in a few days.

Detailed plans of the accommodation to be assigned to Canada and the other colonies have been received here. Practically Canada will monopolize the Colonial building, as India and Western Australia will be the only other occupants of the structure. The centre of the ground floor space will be occupied by a mammoth agricultural trophy, which Prof. Robertson is to arrange.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company will spend $25,000 in fitting up a portion of the Canadian building so as to show the great system the company operates.

A GOOD TEST.

If you have backache and there are brick-dust deposits found in the urine after it stands for 24 hours you can be sure the kidneys are deranged. To effect a prompt and positive cure and prevent Bright's disease, suffering and death, use Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, the world's greatest kidney cure.

Walter Wellman, the Polar explorer, has undergone the first surgical operation for straightening his right leg, which was seriously injured by his falling into a snow-covered crevasse while leading his party. It resulted in the successful loosening of the sinews. Another operation is necessary, but the attending physicians say they expect to save the leg.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE ... 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Seattle Letter

Single Tax and Malthusianism Expounded by Judge Maguire,

New Trans-Pacific Steamers--How the Seattlers Dance--Gold Receipts.

Seattle, Sept. 13.—It was a free lecture and the Seattle theatre was crowded to the doors. It was the occasion of the Henry George Memorial, and Judge James G. Meguire had come from California to address a Seattle audience on single tax. Being invited by one of the single tax propaganda committee to go and "learn something," I went, taking a seat in a convenient corner of the auditorium, where I could take a few notes. After a brief sketch of Henry George's life the lecturer told us how he had been converted to single tax principles. "We had had," the speaker stated, "a good many arguments upon various occasions, and one day while dining together at a restaurant and discussing the question, I said I cannot agree to it, because the right to land has been so long a vested interest that it cannot be, in justice, taken away." "How long?" asked Mr. George, and I said "about 400 years in England and 300 here." With a twinkle in his kindly eyes, Mr. George said "how long do you think this world is likely to last?" Then I saw at once the drift, and I became a single taxer. What were a few centuries in comparison with the millions of years to come?"

In a vigorous denunciation of those conditions, which allow a man to hold more land than he can use, the lecturer confessed that he owned several lots himself which he had not improved, and which would naturally increase in value. But he justified it on the ground that "it is the duty of every man to get his fair share of the earth in self protection and the protection of his children, against a vicious system of society maintained against our will. I would not hold more than three-fourths of the land I now hold if single tax were in existence, but I cannot see my children made subordinate in the class of society as it exists under present conditions," said the ex-congressman. Referring to the Malthusian doctrine, the decreasing birth rate in France was becoming so serious a question that the government of that country were considering the advisability of taking the taxation off those who had children and placing it on those who had none. But the Malthusian theory must be met and answered. If surplus people are born to perish the responsibility must be on the Creator. But it was not true, for an eminent London statistician had shown that there was enough land in the valleys of the Mississippi and Ohio rivers to maintain in comfort the present population of the world.

The Working Classes.

You will find college graduates acting as conductors on the street cars, and engaged in menial work in restaurants and other places; lots of "swell girl graduates" as typewriters, office girls and sales ladies. Taking it all in all the common day laborer is better off than the average clerk, while the skilled mechanic or artisan receives a princely income in comparison. Go across the "dead-line" any night into the "tenderloin," as the slums are called, and you will see several thousands of working men "enjoying" themselves. Twenty saloons within a radius of a couple of blocks, two wide open gambling hells, with tables for roulette, hazard, faro and other games, three concert halls, a couple of theatres and half a dozen "hotels" of questionable character. Who pays for all the glitter of plate glass and marble and mahogany, the music and dancing? The working men pay for it, out of wages which the clerk would like to get, but cannot command. Meanwhile the brewer and the saloon-keeper and others wax fat on this kind of environment, and women and children suffer.

"If you take off the taxes from the brewer and saloon-keeper and put them on the landlord, as the single taxers want, will that make beer any cheaper?" asks the intelligent toper, and as he eyes another man's "schooner" of beer on the counter, he adds, "I believe every on should have equal opportunities to —— get a drink." Of course Judge Maguire meant natural opportunities.

In Bohemia.

A newspaper man does not always study the conventionalists. The "critic" took me after church one Sunday morning across the bay to a picnic. Several steamers were making regular trips all day long, and by three o'clock there must have been a concourse of 3,000 people on the grounds. Music and laughter and fun were "fast and furious," but what took my attention especially, was a large wooden structure like a pagoda, where 200 couples were doing the "light fantistic" to the strains of a full orchestra. Fantastic it was beyond a doubt, a dreamy waltz in which young and middle aged, and some pretty old, were gliding round with faces as long as if it were funeral rites they were observing. How funny it all looked, with so many arms going up and down like pump handles, keeping time to the music. But the strangest part of the affair were the babies. There were about 40 of them wrapped in shawls and stowed away under benches, and tables and chairs, for married ladies, the Critic tells me, are fonder of dancing than anybody else, and the babies go to all the balls and dances. To a Britisher it certainly is not conventional.

Trans-Pacific Steamers.

It is quite time those old well-decked freighters, the Warrimoo and Miowera, were relegated to some less important route that the British Columbia Australian route. Anyway Canada will have to wake up if she wants to compete with the United States for trans-Pacific trade. The American-Australian Royal Mail Steamship Company are going to put up a stronger opposition than ever. Three new boats of 6,000 tons each, capable of steaming seventeen knots, and equal to the best Atlantic steamers, are being built on the Clyde for this service. The Northern Pacific Railway Company are going to put on additional new steamers to Japan and China, and a very wealthy Chinese firm of merchants in this city are about to establish, in conjunction with some American capitalists, a powerful Chinese-American steamship company to trade between Puget Sound and the Orient.

Brevities.

Several letters have appeared in the papers complaining of the unfairness of passing over Wagner's and other local bands and sending to Victoria to engage the 5th Regiment band to play at the coming exhibition.

Rents in Seattle are much higher than in Victoria, and it is next to impossible to get a house or even rooms for rent. A good deal of building is going forward, and there are few unemployed.

The hop-picking season has commenced in the interior of the state, and men, women and children are going to parties to the hop-fields for a month's healthful and lucrative work. The state labor bureau announces that 2,000 hop pickers are wanted for the Yakima district. The price paid for picking is $1 per box, and a good picker can earn $3 per day. Servant girls all over the city are throwing up their positions to get away to the hop-fields.

At last Seattle is going to have a decent railroad depot. The Great Northern intends to build very shortly, but it is not yet settled whether the Northern Pacific will join them in building a grand Union depot.

As long as the two daily papers here are run in the interest of the capitalists, the rights of the masses will be carefully kept in the back ground. It is sickening to see the servile sycophantic cringing and scraping of the American editor to anyone who has money. The latest phase of "upper circle" worship are the interviews accorded by "society ladies" to the reporters upon the servant girl question, and to hear the way mistresses growl about being unable to keep a girl for longer than a month, shows something radically wrong with—the girl of course. Nobody ever thinks of taking up the cudgels in defence of Phyllis, and the papers would not publish her side of the question or believe her when she says a good mistress is harder to find than a good servant.

Great interest is being felt over the home-coming of the First Washington Regiment, which left Manilla on September 6th, and will arive here early in October. The celebration, which will cost something like $20,000, and last three days, will still further confirm the opinion of outsiders that Seattle knows how to celebrate.

There is great demand for all kinds of labor in Seattle just now. City contractors, railway corporations, logging and milling concerns, builders, etc., are all enquiring for workmen, and offering from $2 to $3.25 per day. The city employment office filled 300 orders for men yesterday, in addition to sending out 200 hop-pickers, and still the cry is for more men. As for clerks, shop assistants, accountants, etc., Seattle is "not taking any."

The value of the Cleveland's shipment of gold, reaching here on Saturday last, amounted to over $900,000. Out of that the Canadian Bank of Commerce and the Bank of British North America held over $800,000. The total receipts at the Seattle assay office since January 1st are now placed at $8,050,000, and the value of deposits since the government assay office was first established, about fourteen months ago, at $13,720,000.

Like most American cities there is in Seattle a plethora of gentlemen holding "a handle" to their names. If you were to drop a brick from an upper window it would be sure to hit a doctor, captain, judge or colonel. The editor of the evening paper is a "Col.," and there are two "Cols." on the staff of the morning journal. The two papers have recently been each ridiculing the other because not one of the "colonels" ever smelt gunpowder. But that is nothing, these honorary titles are just a pleasant way they have of calling each other—judge, doctor, general, major, professor, and so forth. There are great possibilities for every one in the states in the way of rapid advancement if titles go for anything.

JUNIUS.

NOTES FROM GRAND FORKS.

(Special to the Times.)

Grand Forks, Sept. 12.—Confirmation of the recent strikes on the east fork of the north fork of Kettle river, about fifty miles from this city, has been received.

Harry Donogh, Harry McLaren, of Carson, B. C., and Thomas Rance came down Saturday bringing some fine specimens of gold-copper ore. They made a number of locations in Franklin Camp, as the new camp has been named.

Three miles south other good strikes have been made. The place has been named McKinley, in honor of the American President.

On their way out they met twenty prospectors, including two men who crossed the ranges from Cascade, all bound for the new gold fields. The trio returned to Franklin Camp to-day accompanied by Henry White, the locator of the Knob Hill and Old Ironsides. The prospectors are elated over their discoveries, and declare that the surface showings surpass in size the biggest ledges ever found in the Boundary country.

From the end of the wagon road, fifteen miles north of Grand Forks, there is a good pack trail all the way in, with the exception of a rock slide seven miles long above Lynch creek. The distance is about fifty-five miles, but if the new road is cut through the Kettle River Valley, thus avoiding several mountain climbs, the route can be shortened to about forty miles.

Donogh and Rance located the Big Three, Annex, Doctor and Surprise. The claims form a group and adjoin the Banner and Bullion. They are situated on Franklin mountain, three miles from the east fork and two miles from Franklin creek. The Annex, Doctor and Big Three embrace most of the summit, the Surprise having been staked on the slope. The Annex has a well mineralized iron cap sixty feet wide. The Doctor has not been prospected. It, too, has a large area lying in a contact between granite and lime. It lies between the Surprise and Big Three. The Big Three has the same ledge as the Annex. The showing on the Surprise consists of a vast iron cap on a different lead. It laps the Bullion and Banner.

The Alpha, located by Harry McLaren, is described as one of the largest gold-copper ledges the returned prospectors had ever seen. It has a copper-quartz ledge thirty feet wide, apparently all in place, and carrying gold values. The ore seems to be very rich. When Henry White saw a few of the samples brought down he immediately decided to visit the new camp. The Banner, located by Frank MacFarlane two years ago, has a lead forty feet wide with shipping ore on the surface. Two assessments have been made on the property, which has a twenty foot shaft. Surface values, it is claimed, give values of from $12 to $15 per ton. The ore includes considerable galena. The Bullion, owned by John Meyers, is on the same lead. The bottom of an eight foot shaft is in ore. Lying west and next to the Banner is the Ajax, owned by James Welcher and his partners, Vaughan and McInnes, the Carson ranchers. They have made other locations.

During their stay there W. Porter, who located the Brandon and Golden Crown, accompanied by his wife, arrived at the camp. Both secured locations. When they arrived there were about ten prospectors in the camp. During their stay two prospectors arrived and showed some nice specimens which they claimed to have found thirty miles up the river.

The prospectors state that the mineral belt appears to be from three and one half to four miles wide, with a granite reef on either side. It runs nearly due east and west. There is lots of room for prospectors. On their way down they discovered lots of "float."

Jack Welcher has made some locations in McKinley Camp. Claims have also been secured by George and Pat Wolfe, who are partners of John A. Coryell, C. E., of this city. There is abundant grass in the valley, and the country is described as heavily timbered.

Harry McLaren located a ranch at the mouth of Blue Point creek, and D. H. Cairnes secured one five miles above at a point called Desolation. Nearly all the timber along the east fork has just been located by a man named McDougall. Several prospecting parties will start from here this week for the new camp.

John Topp, an English gardener, who started a fruit and vegetable farm near here last spring, reports that his success so far has surpassed his expectations. He devoted twenty acres to vegetables and twenty acres to mixed fruits. He found a ready local market for all his vegetables, and will set out this fall a strawberry patch of five acres besides two thousand fruit trees.

Work on the Humming Bird, on the north fork of Kettle river, has been resumed. J. J. McCauley, of Rossland, formerly in charge of the Snowshoe mine, in Greenwood Comp, is the new superintendent, succeeding Alexander J. McMillan, who resigned in order to attend to his other mining interests. Eleven men are employed.

It is proposed to sink a winze in the drift for the purpose of determining the extent of the ore body. The drift is an one hundred and five feet, and starts from a point thirty feet above the roadway, a short distance from the Kettle river. When the ledge is properly explored a tunnel at the base of the hill will be run in to strike it.

Smith Curtis, of Rossland, is in town this week in connection with extensive development work just planned.

C. O'Brien Reddin, of Spokane, president and general manager of the Columbia and Telegraph Company, is here to carry out a contract with J. P. Graves, for the construction of fifty miles of private telephone lines connecting the head offices here with the City of Paris, Majestic, Knob Hill and Old Ironsides and Aetna mines, the Granby smelter and the smelter dam on the north fork of Kettle river. Connection will be made at Eholt with the trunk line of the Columbia Company between Grand Forks and Greenwood. The company has a system extending from Rossland to Camp McKinney, and there are local exchanges at all the leading intermediate points. Later on the line will be extended to Penticton and Vernon. Its American ally is the Spokane and British Columbia Telephone Company, which reaches Spokane, Republic and other points in Washington. Mr. Reddin occupies the same executive position with the American company, which, with the Canadian corporation, owns three hundred and fifty miles of telephone lines.

The customs revenue collected at this port last month exceeded nine thousand dollars.

F. H. Knight and A. H. Dawson have been awarded a contract for driving a tunnel two hundred and fifty feet to tap the ledge at a depth of one hundred and fifty feet on the Bonanza in Knight's Camp, on the north fork of the Kettle river. The property shows a ledge which has been traced for a distance of one thousand feet across the summit of the mountain. Two shafts are down thirty and sixty feet respectively. Assays run from $10 to $50 to the ton in gold and 7½ to 15 per cent. copper.

While stripping the ledge on the Kitty W., northwest of the Pathfinder mine, pay ore was struck on Saturday. A company, capitalized at one hundred thousand dollars, was recently formed to work the property and the Kitty W. fraction. Development work was only commenced a week ago.

Emery Buckley, of Spokane, last week covered the distance between Spokane and Grand Forks, one hundred and sixty-five miles, on his bicycle in two and a half days.

Napoleon Wells, the New York mining expert, who recently visited the mines in this vicinity, has been examining the Bruce and Lizzie claims in Graham's Camp, near Midway. He will extend his tour to Camp McKinney, Rock creek, the west fork of Kettle river, Beaver creek and the Similkameen.

The new sawmill of E. Spraggett, on the main Kettle river, half a mile from this city, has begun operations. It will have a capacity of thirty thousand feet a day.

The new steam fire engine recently ordered is expected to arrive in a few days.

The Josie Copper Company, of Grand Forks, has been formed with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars to work the Josie, a Summit Camp property.

The work of grading the main line of the C. & W. to Midway, the present terminus, has been completed.

P. R. Quinlivin, who recently had a bloodless revolver duel with the chief of police on the streets, has been committed for trial.

A regular passenger train service over the C. & W. between Robson and Grand Forks, will be inaugurated on the 18th inst.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

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Yes, we eagerly admit that WE DO N'T DO CHEAP WORK. We undertake and guarantee strictly high-class work, and we ask our customers as a favor, if any work we do is not satisfactory, to complain to the Managing Director.

BUSY BOUNDARY BURGS.

A Cascade Record Representative Tells of His Visit to Grand Forks, Phoenix and Greenwood.

Last week a representative of the Cascade Record visited a number of lively Boundary towns. Of course, going west from Cascade, the first stop was at the town now being made famous by Mr. Graves's smelter project. A visit to the site of this enterprise showed about a hundred men at work, the foundations of most of the buildings having been made, and activity prevailing at the dam site and on the long flume. Thus far the brick making is an acknowledged failure, and it is the intention to dispose of the poor brick locally and burn better kilns.

Grand Forks is growing rapidly, although the summer dullness is said to be felt in trade. New buildings are going up all over town and a general air of prosperity prevails. The location of the smelter at that point has had a crystallizing effect.

In Growing Phoenix.

After toiling up the 15 mile hill in a drizzling rain, the bustling town of Phoenix was reached, first passing the snorting engines at work on the Winnipeg, Golden Crown and Snowshoe properties. Phoenix is, as expected, a typical mining town, situated as it is in the heart of the Boundary mines, being literally surrounded by such famous mines as the Old Ironsides, Knob Hill, Brooklyn, Stemwinder, etc. At present there is but one hotel, Hotel Phoenix, that is running now. Five others are building or excavating. Several Greenwood concerns have branches there, including the Hunter-Kendrick Co., and Russell Hardware Co., with others preparing to build. A restaurant, three barber shops, laundry, livery stable, shoe shop and a number of other concerns are already doing business, with others promising to come in. The town has a post office, church services, a public school, a newspaper about to start and other modern conveniences.

At present Phoenix is pretty well spread out, as the Old Ironsides property is on one side, the Rumberger tract in the centre and the New York property on the other. At present the chief activity is around Mr. Rumberger's property, where the post office is located, and which he is rapidly getting ready to place on the market, having at last acquired the surface rights. The railway branch is building into the town, about 250 miners are now employed in the adjacent properties, and the town is destined to become an important point.

Boundary Creek Metropolis.

Greenwood is undoubtedly the most important town in the Boundary Creek country, and its citizens have sublime faith in its continued supremacy. The definite location of the Mother Lode smelter close to the town will be of great benefit to the place, and surveys have already begun for the purpose of starting work under Paul Johnson, the superintendent. There is an evidence of solidarity and permanence about Greenwood that is pleasing to the casual visitor. Surrounded as it is by many rich mining camps, with large reduction works at its doors, it cannot fail to hold its own for years to come, and the faith of its people in its future seems well grounded.

The trip was an interesting one, and gave an idea of the importance that Boundary camps—one and all—are assuming in the world of mining.

CHRONIC DIARRHOEA CURED.

This is to certify that I have had chronic diarrhoea ever since the war. I got so weak I could hardly walk or do anything. One bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me sound and well. J. R. GIBBS, Pincastle, Va.

I had chronic diarrhoea for twelve years. Three bottles of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy cured me.

S. L. SHAVER, Pincastle, Va.

Both Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Shaver are prominent farmers and reside near Pincastle, Va. They procured the remedy from Mr. W. E. Casper, a druggist of that place, who is well acquainted with them and will vouch for the truth of their statements. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

Little is known as to the actual fortune of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt, says the New York Tribune. He was a reticent man about his private affairs. His fortune has been variously estimated all the way from $80,000,000 to $200,000,000. It was mostly in railway stocks, bonds and securities.

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KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 75 Yates street.
H. GEO. MASON, Dawson Hotel Entrance, Yates street.
VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.
T. N. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Government street.
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GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.
H. W. WALKER, (Switch Grocery), Esquimalt road.
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MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post-office.
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A NEW VOTERS' LIST.

It means an honest election.

It means that dead men wont vote.

It means that to vote a man must live in Victoria, and not in Oklahama or elsewhere.

It means that the impersonation of dead and absentee voters as a means of earning a living is a thing of the past.

It means that Victoria's voice at the next election will be the voice of the Victoria of to-day, and not of the Victoria of ten years ago.

It means that an honest government is not afraid of an honest list, and does not rely upon one filled with bogus names.

DO THE PEOPLE WANT IT?

If the Colonist would take the trouble to go amongst the public and hear them discuss the provincial political situation we feel certain it would have mercy on itself and its readers, and not day by day print nonsense on this subject.

"One thing is certain and the rest is lies," as Omar says, and that is: The thing known as Turnerism is very dead; every member of the clique that went under the name of the Turner administration, and under various other names before the advent of Mr. Turner in political life—everything of that clique is marked with a mark which signifies that the people of this province will never more entrust to their keeping the power they once had but abused. They may scheme and plot and intrigue as they choose, they'll "get no forrader," and every month that passes over them increases the impossibility.

A steady stream of new voters is flowing into the province from the East, and they bring with them ideas and ideals utterly opposed to anything like Turnerism. These men hold the balance of power in this province, and they will laugh tremendously at any member of "de gang" offering himself as a "leader" for them.

The Colonist still cherishes a sneaking belief that if the present government could be overthrown the good old times might come back—"Turner on the prow, and Eberts at the helm, in gallant trim the gilded vessel goes?" A very pretty picture, truly. We might add to it the portly form of Mr. Forbes George Vernon dispensing nourishment from the pap-kettle with a Brobdingnagian ladle to the multitude of parasites; Colonel Baker letting off fusillades of topical verses and poems; Mr. Pooley with a set of very small boxing gloves offering blandly to put 'em on with any gent who will just step outside for a second and say it again; whilst the chief trumpeter, the Colonist, plays ravishing bassoon solos in praise of the outfit, with one hand and pockets with the other a cheque from the treasury for twenty thousand dollars. Who would not throw up his cap and shout "Hooray!" for the return of the flesh pots?

Fortunately British Columbia has become quite a different place since those doings were put a stop to last year. Turnerism was not practical; it leaned too heavily on that portion of the public that did not happen to enjoy its distinguished personal acquaintance; and while we can fully appreciate the melancholy feelings of the Colonist, and quite understand how earnestly it wishes to see the reign of the present government ended and the old rag-bag style of government resumed, we yet shall do all in our power to frustrate the benevolent designs of the Colonist and the other conspirators who are trying to stir up strife for their own selfish ends.

THE GREAT RACE.

The two boats which are to engage in a contest of speed on the 3rd of October and following days for the America Cup are now enjoying their warming-up canters in the waters around New York, and readers of the newspapers will probably be told more about their doings for the next twenty days than about Oom Paul's obstinacy or Dreyfus's wrongs. We have read a great deal about the piece of plate now called the America Cup, and that when it was won in England there was no boat in the race save the old schooner America, but the fact has always been omitted in the telling that two British boats were leading in the race on that eventful day, and that the cup was considered of so little value that when one of them went aground the other, the Arrow, went to her assistance and let the American boat take the trophy. If the emblem that was originally called the Queen's Cup were sold for its actual value as a piece of metal it would not bring much, but its history has rendered it such a prize that many fortunes have been squandered in recent years on one side of the ocean to capture it and on the other side to retain it. Canada, too, has several times cast covetous glances in the direction of the trophy. Captain Cuthbert, a builder of boats of some fame on fresh water, taking the Countess of Dufferin and the Atlanta, both schooners, to the seaboard and testing them unsuccessfully against the American cracks. The Atlanta was not unlike some of the Victoria sealing schooners, and her lines were certainly no finer than those of some of the boats now tied up in the harbor. In the early days of cup racing the challengers were compelled to pit their single craft against a whole fleet, but this was so obviously unfair that it was finally agreed that the defenders should be limited to two boats, which should be named on the day of the races, and if the wind was light a light weather craft was chosen, while if a good breeze was blowing a boat suitable for that sort of weather might be named. However, of recent years the champions have consisted of one boat on each side, this being considered the only fair test.

The closest and most interesting race that was ever contested for this coveted article was that between the Puritan and Sir Richard Sutton's Genesta, the former winning the final contest by about thirty seconds. The Galatea, another challenger, owned by Lieut. Henn, and the Genesta, were not built for the purpose of racing for the cup, but simply took a crack at it while on a visit to the United States on a cruise with the families of the owners on board. In those days the contests were a test of speed between American centreboard sloops and English cutters, and in the end the latter may be said to have proved their superiority, for the Puritan was the last boat of the distinctively American type that defended the cup. The Genesta was awarded one race against the Puritan for fouling, which Sir Richard Sutton refused to accept, and of this race an old yachting editor of the Boston Herald gives some interesting particulars.

General Paine was the owner of the Puritan, and on the day of the collision was on board his boat, and Sir Richard and his two daughters were on the deck of the Genesta. Captain Crocker had the Puritan's wheel and he was going for the line on the port tack, while the Genesta was heading for it on the starboard tack, with the right of way. As the boats got dangerously near each other and a collision seemed imminent to those on board the yachts following the racers and also to those on board the Puritan, "Mac" Forbes said to Captain Crocker: "Bear away; go under her stern." Whether General Paine heard this or not is not known, but he gave the order to Captain Crocker, "Hold your luff!" and because of Captain Crocker holding his luff the collision occurred.

This is merely related for the purpose of showing the risks the defenders of the cup will run rather than be outmanoeuvred at the start. The following is the answer Sir Richard Sutton returned when he was informed the committee had awarded him the race:

"Oh, no! I won't take the race that way. I did not come over here to win the America's Cup that way. I positively decline to accept the leg. Send word to the Puritan people to get ready and we'll fix up as soon as we can. Give us time enough to get ready. Oh, these things happen with us very often; it was unintentional. He guessed it by a few feet wrong, and if he had got by us it would have been all right. Oh, no; oh, no; let the match go on."

The Thistle was the first British boat built for the express purpose of winning the cup, and she was beaten by the Volunteer solely on account of her inability to point as closely into the wind as her rival. The majority of the races are to windward and return, and the Volunteer made the buoy in one tack less than the Old Country boat. In running home with the wind the Thistle more than held her own, but could not overtake her rival.

Everybody has read about Lord Dunraven's unfortunate experiences with his Valkyries, and there are few fair-minded people who do not believe he had a serious grievance. This brings us down to the Shamrock and her chances. It will be noticed that the New York Yacht Club sailed the trial races between the Columbia and Defender at Newport, the place which Dunraven suggested as the best locality for a fair test with the least possibility of interference from steam and other craft crowded with people to witness the contests. Nobody believes there can be a fair race off New York, and it will be a lucky thing if the affair does not end in a fiasco this year.

On this coast we have to depend entirely on Eastern contemporary opinions as to the supposed merits of the two boats, and we will close with some of these. A New York paper says of the performances of the Shamrock:

The New York Sun, in commenting on Thursday's trial spin of the Shamrock, says: It was, of course, hard to estimated the speed of the yacht. She sailed fast under the conditions; but the Columbia has shown herself to be such a wonder in light weather that it was thought that at the end of the five-mile beat the Columbia would have had a material lead. When reaching, however, the Shamrock showed to better advantage, and on the third leg of the course she out-footed the press tug which followed in her wake at about ten miles an hour.

"The brilljant performances of the Shamrock in her trial spins off Sandy Hook will give a stimulus to betting on the international yacht race, which up to now has been completely dormant. When Lord Chief Justice Russell and others of the Lipton party arrive there will be plenty of wagering. So great has been the American confidence in Columbia that no one cares to lay a wager against her, even at long odds.

"Shamrock's trials will, in the course of a few days, strengthen her stock considerably in public estimation. Only the few yachting sharps who have followed Shamrock in the press tug during the past few days have had an opportunity to witness her performances. It must be confessed that the Irish challenger proved a surprise even to them.

"With a gustier wind and heavier sea than she had on Monday, the Shamrock raced about the Sandy Hook course.

"Every gust blew Shamrock higher in the estimation of those who watched her, and every unusual swash of the sea emphasized the virtue of the lines of the beautiful green boat. She took the wind in every possible way, and though she often sailed on her rail, the spindrift only touched her deck.

"Tuesday gave an even better line on her capabilities. She sailed from Sandy Hook, tacking to Scotland Light, with the wind blowing strong from the southeast, in nineteen minutes ten seconds, and did the return to Sandy Hook in nineteen minutes forty seconds. The distance is four and an eighth knots. This is at the rate of nearly thirteen knots an hour, and it must be remembered that Shamrock was not carrying her racing gear.

"Altogether, the consensus of opinion among experts who saw the yacht under sail yesterday was that the Irish cup-hunter was more dangerous as an opponent for the Columbia than was at first supposed, and the good impression the craft had already made in her first trial was strengthened."

It only remains to say that the Americans think the Columbia a prodigy and the Shamrock simply has no chance to win.

THE HACKS.

To the Editor: There does not seem to be the least reason why the hackmen of this city should be kicked from pillar to post at the suggestion of any grumbler in the city. There are some people who would grumble at anything. The man who owns a hack has his living to make like everybody else, and doubtless he finds it hard enough without having to contend with unnecessarily severe regulations. It is all very well to attend to the complaints of citizens, but every care should be used that in doing so no hardship will be imposed on any other citizen.

The general public, I am quite, sure, expects out city council to protect equally the rights of a man who pays a license to carry on his business as a hack-owner and the man who pays $5 a year to carry on a large commercial business. Live and let live is a good old proverb, and a man who owns a hack has probably all his capital invested in it, and upon his stand in the city depends the safety of his capital and the happiness and prosperity of his home, therefore "the powers that be" should be extremely careful and conscientious in placing those stands and in making the regulations attached to them.

HERBERT CUTHBERT.

DON'T DO IT.

To the Editor: In yesterday's issue Dr. Lewis Hall advises his dental colleagues to boycott the Paris exposition as retaliation for Captain Dreyfus's treatment. Now, I say don't do anything of the kind. We know you have the power to break the great show up, but we fear the consequences of your not being there and enlightening the masses on the wonderful discoveries you have made in your profession. Think of the way young Mr. McInnes has lately broken up the Laurier government in a similar manner, and refrain. If you want to sling mud choose something near home. There is the creature who wrote so vilely about Victoria to the Seattle Post-Intelligencer lately, describing a brutal murder which was supposed to have taken place at the Dallas road beach, etc., when there were no signs of anything of the kind, defaming a quiet city and frightening travellers from coming here. Tar and feather such creatures as that if you will, but when Mr. Herschell-Cohen, Mr. Marchant and Dr. Hall shoot at targets so far away we may doubt their ability to hit the bullseye.

W. J. HANNA.

A Big Faro Game

P. E. L. Brown Tries to Break the Bank at a Spokane House.

Played From 8 p. m. Until 11 a. m. Next Day--Bank Had $10,000.

Spokane, Sept. 13.—Spokane has furnished some good stories founded on facts of big and exciting games of chance, but the game that set the pace for them all occurred here last week, when R. E. Brown, the well-known mining promoter, otherwise known as Barbarian Brown, and well known in Victoria—he has offices here—and Steve Bailey, proprietor of the Hotel Northern at Seattle, and also known to sporting fame as a plunger, undertook to bankrupt Harry Green's faro bank with a $10,000 roll behind it. The fact that Harry Green has been setting up the wine in copious quantities since the game terminated is to his associates a positive indication that he was not the loser in what is easily recognized as the most blooded faro game ever seen here.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Bailey both were former residents of Spokane and both have acquired big fortunes in mines. They are in the habit of making periodical visits to this city, and whenever they come it is a straight tip that a big poker game is on either at the Hotel Spokane or Seigel's cigar store, and it is no uncommon thing for one of the players around the board to get up from a sitting from $5,000 to $10,000 winner or loser.

Last week Brown and Bailey's arrival in the city was the occasion of one of these big poker games. For several days their play resulted in about a stand-off, so on Friday evening they concluded to try their luck at faro, and the two plungers, along with Dr. Essig, of this city, concluded to try and carry off Harry Green's bank roll.

It was about 8.30 p.m. that the three sauntered up into the gambling rooms and took seats at faro game No. 1. It was 11 o'clock the next morning when the game ended. In the fourteen and a half hours' play upward of $200,000 was staked, won and lost between the box and the cases. The game only ended then because the players were too weary to continue longer. Dr. Essig cashed in several hundred winner at 3 o'clock in the morning and quit the game. Just how Brown and Bailey stood at the close of the game it is difficult to state with any degree of accuracy, as all manner of reports as to the result are rife on the streets. Some say Brown and Bailey have jointly contributed as high as $20,000 to Green's bank roll, while others maintained that the bank was several thousand dollars loser. As none of the parties interested will give any figures, or even talk about the game, speculation can only be indulged in as to the amount lost or won, but certain it is that a good-sized fortune may have gone glimmering over the green blaize-covered board as a result of the big play.

As the trio took seats at the table a half dozen or so of players were chubbing along with white checks, playing for the price of a meal ticket. As soon as the big game opened up the small fry cashed in and joined the throng of watchers who gathered about the table.

Brown started in with $500 worth of $20 checks, while Bailey bought half that amount as a starter, and the game began. At the start the bets averaged $40. By midnight the bank was winner by several thousand and the bets had gone up from $40 to $100. Brown by this time was playing a system by which he got action on the turn of every card. He played one side of the board straight up and coppered the other row of cards, and also played the high card. On the call of the last turn in the box the players frequently stood to win or lose $500.

So the play went on at the rate of about three deals an hour, the winnings coming and going.

Along about daylight the bank struck a streak of luck, and the two players (Dr. Essig having gone home) with frequent regularity went down into their pockets and bought more checks, and then they began giving their paper in payment as their ready cash gave out. By 8 o'clock, it is said, the bank was about $10,000 to the good. The players began clamoring for the limit to be raised, and Green, who had then relieved one of the dealers and himself taken his place behind the box, finally consented to let the two plungers set their own limit, and soon the bets rose as high as $1,000 and even higher on the call, and at the fag end of the game it is said Brown especially was betting them up to the ceiling.

Many plays were worth the telling, but one in particular that turned out "right" for Brown is thus described by one of the spectators. It was a call. A jack, a nine and a tray were in the box.

Brown called and played every case for $400 a bet.

"All set" the dealer asked.

"No—just wait a minute, Mr. Dealer," and Brown reversed every wager, making his call jack-nine.

Bailey called it nine-jack and played the turn for $250 straight.

"All set," remarked Brown, and the dealer pushed his thumb across the box.

"Jack!" exclaimed Bailey, in a tone of deep disgust.

"And nine!" excitedly called out one of the onlookers, as he craned his neck over the table and looked into box.

"Four to one," muttered the dealer, as he began to transfer stack after stack from the check tray and set them on the table in front of Brown.

Brown had won $2,800. On the call, $1,600; on the jack coppered, $400; on the nine open, $400, and $400 on the high card coppered.

When the game ended at 11 o'clock Bailey cashed in $4,200 worth of checks and Brown about $3,500. How much cash these checks represented to the two players is something which they and Harry Green only know. But for the publicity given the game Brown and Bailey would have again gone after the bank roll after a brief rest, but for the present they have given it up and gone to Seattle.

ASIATIC RUSSIA.

The Agricultural Possibilities of That Vast Region—Wheat Is Already Being Sent to the European Market.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Sept. 15.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: "American farmers are to have competition from a new quarter in the wheat market of the world.

"Consul Monaghan at Chemnitz, in a report to the state department, gives interesting details of the agricultural possibilities of Asiatic Russia (a vast region), which is being brought into touch with European markets by the construction of the Trans-Siberian railroad. Mr. Monaghan says this vast territory, all along looked upon as a barren waste, is destined to be one of the world's richest and most productive sections. It is particularly well adapted for growing wheat and other cereals, and since the building of the Trans-Siberian road, wheat from this region has already found its way to the European market. At present the resources of this region are largely undeveloped, and must remain so for some years, as the population is still very scarce, there being less than one inhabitant to each square mile."

GERMANS IN CHINA.

Telegrams to the Minister Intercepted by the Government—Mission Massacred.

(Associated Press.)

Berlin, Sept. 15.—The Cologone Volz Zeitung to-day prints a despatch from Shan Tung which reports a serious condition of affairs in the Hinderland. The German minister at Pekin has not received telegrams from there, as the Chinese government intercepted them.

The German mission at Shang Tung is reported to have been annihilated, and railway communication is only possible with a strong military escort.

THE LATE FRANK IVES.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Sept. 15.—Among the passengers on the Ward liner Yucatan, arriving to-day from Vera Cruz, was Mrs. Frank C. Ives. The body of her husband is buried at Progresso, where it must remain for one year, pursuant to Mexican sanitary laws. The body which arrived on the Segouranca last week, therefore, was not that of Ives.

ACCIDENT TO PARACHUTIST.

(Associated Press.)

Crawfordsville, Ind., Sept. 15.—Prof. Dennis, and aeronaut, who mounted a parachute drop at the fair here yesterday, met with probably a fatal accident. Dennis ascended successfully until about 200 feet from the ground, when the balloon burst. The parachute failed to open until within a few feet of the earth, against which the aeronaut was dashed with scarcely diminished velocity. It is feared he will die.

FEVER AT MADRID.

(Associated Press.)

Madrid, Sept. 15.—Fifty-nine cases of typhoid fever were reported here yesterday. Since the outbreak of the disease, the proportion of cases resulting fatally has been small.

SALT SPRING FAIR.

The Islands' Agricultural Association Have a Successful Exhibition.

The annual exhibition of the Islands' Agricultural and Fruit Growers' Association was held on Wednesday of this week, and although there were few in attendance from Victoria, owing to the poor means of transportation, Salt Spring and adjacent islands were well represented. The exhibition, taken as a whole, was a great success, save, perhaps, in the matter of stock, in which there was a light exhibit, excepting in horses. There was a noticeable absence of exhibits in the swine and sheep classes, but the equine department was well filled with good specimens of horseflesh.

Dairy produce and preserved foods were excellent, and the same remark applies to the vegetable display. Grain was light, owing to the fact that the islanders do not devote much attention to its cultivation. The fruit was exceedingly good, and much superior to that seen in the Fraser valley.

There was as well a fine floral display and an excellent exhibit of ladies' fancy work. A special feature, which was much admired, was a section from the Indian scholars of Kuyper island.

During the afternoon Mr. Bassford, the fruit expert, gave some practical lessons in fruit packing, which created much interest. A dance was held in the evening, the hall being cleared for that purpose.

Among those who attended from Victoria were Messrs. J. R. Anderson, deputy minister of agriculture; Dr. N. Tolmie and R. Bray, who acted as judges of horses and live stock; and Messrs. Palmer and Layritz, who judged the fruit display.

President Collins and the officers of the association extended every courtesy to the visitors in viewing the fair.

CHEMAINUS NEWS.

(Special Correspondence of the Times.)

Chemainus, Sept. 15.—A meeting was held in the public hall last night at which it was decided to proceed at once with the building of a general hospital. A committee was appointed to solicit aid in support of the undertaking, which no doubt will receive hearty support. It is proposed to build a modern hospital in every particular, to accommodate about twenty patients. The Lumber Co. has kindly offered the site and the lumber.

Bark Echo sailed at noon to-day with a cargo of lumber for Valparaiso, and the ship Elwell is now here to load for Australia.

S. G. Lewis, an old and respected resident, has been very ill for a few days.

Your informant regarding the number of typhoid patients here was misinformed, as there are not more than half the number he stated. They are all doing well under the treatment of Dr. Robert Telford. No deaths have occurred.

Captain C. J. Harris now has charge of the steamer Daisy. Captain Cavin is laid off through sickness.

Robert H. Allan and wife left here today for the East. Mr. Allan goes to pursue a medical course at McGill College, Montreal.

THE SLATER SHOE
The "Natural Shape."
A new comfort shoe without clumsy looking toe. Roomy but neat, fitting a broad foot easily while making it look stylish and narrow. Light, Medium and Dark Tan, Seal Brown and Black. 14 sizes and 5 widths. Goodyear welted. Stamped on the soles $3.50, $4.50 and $5.50 per pair.
CATALOGUE FREE.
"The Slater Shoe."
MAKERS — MONTREAL.
J. FULLERTON AND J. H. BAKER, SOLE LOCAL AGENTS.

ETHER WAVES.

From the purely scientific side, however, the phenomena of wireless telegraphy are most marvelous. They show us that this remarkable medium, the ether, which encompasses us about on every side, penetrating the densest as well as the rarest forms of matter, and filling the whole of celestial space, is in a state of endless disturbance, crossed and recrossed by waves in infinite variety. In his address on the "Six Gateways of Knowledge," Lord Kelvin has called attention to the "vast gap between four hundred vibrations per second, the sound of a rather high tenor voice, and four hundred million millions per second, the number of vibrations corresponding to dull red light, and therefore the lowest rate in the spectrum." But now that Hertz has given us ether waves millions of miles long, how enormously has this range been widened? Within this range there is room for twenty senses in place of five, each equal in range to those we have at present. And if each should reveal to us as much as does the eye, what an amazing wealth of knowledge would be ours. Indeed, Lodge has suggested an electrical theory of vision based on coherer action. But why may not these Hertz waves have been already utilized by our organism?

We are told that the day that Gen. Gordon was killed at Khartoum the people in the streets and bazaars at Cairo knew of it, though the distance in a direct line is a thousand miles, and no telegraph connects these cities. And a British officer in Afghanistan narrates that information of the intended movement of troops during the war at distances fifty or one hundred miles away was known to the natives at these points almost immediately, though no signalsing of any sort could be detected. What worlds of possible sensation lie all about us in these ether waves, and when these are fully recognized with what tremendous capabilities will the human race be endowed.—Lippincott's.

MRS. GEO. HURDIS
Writes from Carleton Place, Ont., that Laxa-Liver Pills have made her "smart and healthy."
Most of the misery and ill-health that humanity is burdened with arise from disorders of Stomach, Liver, and Bowels. If you're feeling out of sorts, have bilious spells, headaches, sour stomach, heartburn, water brash, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, sallow or muddy complexion—are troubled with dyspepsia or constipation, you feel that life's not worth living, take a few doses of Laxa-Liver Pills and note the change.
The tongue gets clean, the breath sweet, the headache ceases, the complexion clears up, the dyspepsia vanishes, the constipation is cured—everything in life takes on a brighter aspect.
Hear what Mrs. Geo. Hurdis, Carleton Place, Ont., says: "I have used Laxa-Liver Pills for serious Liver Complaint and they did me a world of good. I don't know how much to praise them, as I verily believe from the condition I was in that they saved me from an early grave and made me smart and healthy."
If you are tired taking the large old-fashioned griping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

—Victoria Cafe for cheap lunches.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

All citizens interested in tendering a Ball to Admiral Beaumont and the officers of H. M. Navy on this station, are requested to meet at the City Hall on Friday evening next, September 15th; chair to be taken at 8 o'clock sharp.

CHAS. E. REDFERN,
Mayor.

SAVOY THEATRE
8--NEW PEOPLE--8
ALL STARS — ALL STARS
SEYMOUR and LAURINE,
Acrobats and Contortionists Supreme.
JOHNNY MERRITT,
Singing Comedian.
SMITH and ELLIS,
Premier Sketch Team.
KATE ROCKWELL JULIA LINTON
A. CAMMETTA RAYE HAMPTON

WANTS.

WANTED—Old and reliable firm requires services of intelligent lady. $15 per week. Easy work. Short hours. Address Dept. H, Globe Co, 723 Chestnut St., Philadn., Pa.

GOOD FITS GUARANTEED; general sewing solicited; $1.00 per day. 179 Cook street.

TO LET.

TO RENT—Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap for cash, 160 acres of land one mile from Shawnigan Station, with good barn and outbuildings and number of bearing fruit trees. Apply to G. W. McKean, Shawnigan Lake, E. & N. Railway.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

BOARD WANTED—By young lady, in private family, with home comforts; convenient locality. Address A. B., Times Office.

TWO GENTLEMEN can have beautiful rooms, with all conveniences attached, and board, in private family, near Beacon Hill. References exchanged. Address "K. W.," this office.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—Gentleman's watch chain, with two rings attached. Finder suitably rewarded on returning same to Times Office.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office at Bray's livery, 105 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

SOCIETIES.

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p.m.
B. S. ODDY, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty—Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 136.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
One Full Week Beginning
Monday, September 18.
The Shaw Co.,
Supporting
Mr. Sam. T. Shaw
In an excellent repertoire of Popular Plays at Popular Prices.
MONDAY NIGHT,
"From Sire to Son"
Prices, 25c., 35c., and 50c. Reserved Seats on sale at the Victoria Book & Stationery Company's.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 17.
FIFTH REGIMENT BAND
—AT—
GOLDSTREAM PARK
Trains leave at 9 a.m. and 2 p.m.
Returning leave Goldstream at 5:30 and 7:30 p.m.
FARE 25 CENTS RETURN.
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Traffic Manager E. & N. Railway.

A COMBINED SHOULDER BRACE AND CHEST EXPANDER

Strengthens the Lungs

Inspection invited.

BOWES, THE Dispenser Prescriptions.

100 Government St., Near Yates.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Sept. 15.—5 a.m.—As the summer type of high barometric pressure covers this province, and the barometer is abnormally low to the southward, continued fair warm weather may be expected for several days. With the exception of rain at Medicine Hat, the weather is fine from the Pacific to Ontario. Showers will occur in Manitoba to-day followed by sharp frosts.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 46; minimum, 45; wind, calm; weather, clear.

New Westminster — Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 52; minimum, 48; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Nanaimo—Wind, W.; weather, clear.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.18; temperature, 54; minimum, 52; wind, 10 miles W.; weather, clear.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.04; temperature 34; minimum, 32; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Neah, Wash.—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, 52; minimum, 48; wind, 6 miles E.; weather, clear.

Portland, Oregon—Barometer, 30.04; temperature, 52; minimum, 52; wind, 4 miles S. E., weather, clear.

Tacoma—Barometer, 30.08; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, calm; weather, foggy.

San Francisco—Barometer, 29.86; temperature, 52; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles W.; weather, cloudy.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Saturday.

Victoria and vicinity—Moderate variable winds, fine and warm to-day and Saturday.

Lower Mainland — Moderate variable winds, fine and warm to-day and Saturday.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

—Victoria Cafe, Fort St., for breakfast. *

—The latest and best cash register. Inspection invited. I.X.L., Old Post Office*

The summonses issued to hackmen for breaches of the new regulations will be heard in the police court on Monday.

—Ye Old Blue Willow Crockery and other fine patterns just opened and for sale cheap at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street. *

—Just arrived the latest styles in Ladies' Jackets and Capes at The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

—Dog Show. Office at Campbell's Cigar Store, Government street. Open all day to receive entries and give information. *

—A meeting of citizens interested in tendering a complimentary ball to Admiral Beaumont and his officers has been called for this evening by his worship the mayor in the city hall.

—A meeting of the J.B.A.A. junior lacrosse club is to be held this evening to take into consideration the protest lodged against them by the Victoria Wests, the championship being at stake.

—Victoria Cafe for cheap lunches. *

—On Tuesday evening there was a pretty wedding celebrated at the house of Mrs. Knight, 168 Yates street, when Mr. John Blomquist was united in matrimony to Miss Pearl Ruth Knight. The knot was tied by Rev. F. Payne. The bride and bridegroom were welcomed by a large company of friends.

—The latest productions in Fall Millinery will be shown at the Columbia House on Friday the 15th inst., and following days. Mrs. M. A Vigor, 81 Douglas street.

—Several of the Canadian law book and publishing houses have amalgamated. The combined business is now known as the Canada Law Book Company, Toronto, Ont. The new concern is under the control and management of Mr. R. R. Cromarty, who is known as the manager of that widely known law magazine, the Canada Law Journal. The legal profession, no doubt, will appreciate the amalgamation.

—Use Blue Ribbon Flavoring Extracts. *

—Victoria Cafe, Fort St., for breakfast.

—Mail for Dawson, Bennett and Glenora leaves Victoria to-night.

—Cross eyes, monocular vision, with all the evils which accompany these defects, can be remedied without the slightest pain. Dr. W. J. Harvey, F.O.M.C.I., 49 Government street. *

—"All our fine teas require 25 minutes to infuse" was formerly the yarn on some grocers' bags. Times, teas and tastes have changed and it is wonderful how easily and quickly a delicious cup of "HONDI" can be made. See directions on the packets. *

—We Are now Showing the latest styles in Children's Jackets. The Sterling, 88 Yates street.

—Reduced rates to the East over the Northern Pacific Railroad effective September 12th; the second-class rate to Chicago will be reduced to $46; second-class rates to all points east of Chicago will be reduced also.—E. E. Blackwood, agent. *

—Active preparation is being made by the management of the Centennial Methodist church for the regular anniversary services which are held annually by that body. The Sunday services will be on the first Sabbath of October and the annual tea meeting on the following Tuesday evening.

—Don't fail to hear Miss M. La Dell, the talented elocutionist, in the Centennial Methodist church, near the Fountain, this evening at 8:15. She will be assisted by the Misses Davey, Messrs. H. Ives and J. G. Brown of this city and Mr. F. Bell-Smith of Toronto. Admission 25 cents. *

—Victoria Cafe for afternoon tea. *

—Mr. Beaumont Boggs, who is interested in the introduction of new machinery for fish drying purposes and the development of the deep-sea fisheries of British Columbia from a patriotic standpoint, is convening a meeting to be held this evening in the Board of Trade rooms to which those who regard as important the growth of the province are invited.

—The latest productions in Fall Millinery will be shown at the Columbia House on Friday, the 15th inst, and following days. Mrs M. A. Vigor, 81 Douglas street.

—By direct boat from San Francisco, expected to-night or to-morrow, will be brought the remains of the late Richard Henry Carr, a native of this city, aged 25 years, who died on the 5th inst. at Santa Barbara, California. The deceased was the only son of the late Richard Carr, of Carr street. The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon at 3:30 from the family residence and from the Reformed Episcopal church at 4 o'clock.

—Mr. John Michael, proprietor of the Dawson Hotel, has taken over the Brunswick hotel also, which has been newly furnished and refitted throughout. This popular hotel, so centrally located, contains 101 rooms complete with every comfort and all modern conveniences, including free baths and electric lighting. It will, in future, be known as the Central Hotel, and will be run on the European and American plans, first-class service being promised. Rooms $1 per week and upwards. Will be opened October 1st.

—The engagement to supply the music for the Seattle exposition, which had been secured by the Fifth Regiment Band, was called "off" while Mr. Finn was in the Sound city last week. The reason mentioned by some is that the alien law prohibited the employment of Canadian musicians for such a purpose, but it is more than likely that the true reason is a political "pull" has been exerted for the benefit of the Seattle musical organizations. The Fifth Regiment Band will probably put in two days at Seattle during the exposition, when British Columbia day is to be made a special feature.

—The latest arrangement of the hack stand privileges is by no means satisfactory to the hackmen, and discontent is expressed loudly. The men claim they are prohibited from tying up their teams at night while they obtain a cup of coffee, and some of them compute the decrease of their earnings under the new arrangement at thirty per cent. They say that their patrons, not finding them on the accustomed stand, pass them by. Broad street, which between Yates and Trounce avenue is open for use as a stand, is not much patronized by the hack drivers for some reason or other. Pedestrians and property owners and occupiers agree that the removal of the hacks from the sidewalk edge is a great improvement, and those who use hacks do not treat seriously the assertion that because they have to walk from the sidewalk to the middle of the street any patrons of hackdrivers prefer to walk.

—At St. Paul's manse, Victoria West, last evening, the Rev. D. MacRae united in marriage Mr. Donald Campbell McKenzie and Miss Elizabeth Christian, who will make their home on Cook street.

—Revenue Officer W. P. Winsley is summoning San Woo, a Chinese laundryman of 140 Yates street. San Woo employs, so the collector believes, six men who are liable for the poll tax, but the Chinaman refuses to pay for that number of employees.

—A battalion order issued to-day by Col. Gregory provides for a divine service parade on the 24th inst. The battalion will parade at the drill hall on Sunday, the 24th, at 11 a.m. The dress will be church parade order, and noncommissioned officers and men will wear the new serge.

—The District Lodge of the A. O. F. meets in Victoria on the 16th of next month. The session promises to be a very important one, for in addition to the amending of the by-laws a number of burning questions of vital interest to the craft will come up for adjustment. The sessions will commence at 9 o'clock in the K. of P. hall, and will probably continue for three days. Six lodges will be represented, the two Victoria lodge, the two Nanaimo bodies, and those at Vancouver and New Westminster. Each lodge will send two representatives. Court Vancouver of this city meets on Monday evening to elect delegates.

—Although it took the clerk of the weather some time to get on to the combination, he is now succeeding in turning out a very fair sample of summer weather, and once more the thoughts of Victorians are straying countrywards. Traffic Manager Courtney, of the E. & N. railway, ever on the alert to please the patrons of the road, is arranging to give those who regard Goldstream as the ne plus ultra of excursion places another opportunity of spending the whole or half day of Sunday at that charming resort, all for the nominal fare of two bits. Trains will leave at 9 a.m. and 2 p.m., and return from Goldstream at 5:30 and 7 p.m. The first train in the morning is not too early to interfere with the reasonable digestion of breakfast, even on Sunday, and the afternoon train will suit those who like an early luncheon. What could be better than the 5:30 returning train for the diners or the churchgoers? While for those who enjoy the twilight hours amid the groves, the fact that the evening will be drawing in at 7 o'clock will be an unmixed satisfaction.

HAVE YOU REGISTERED?

The old Voters' List for Victoria City Electoral District is entirely cancelled. If your name is not placed on the new list you are disfranchised for Provincial and Dominion purposes.

ATTEND TO IT!

—The action of Baptie vs. the Klondike Mining, Trading & Transport Corporation, Limited, was finally disposed of by Mr. Justice Irving to-day on motion for judgment made on the part of the plaintiff and defendants. After argument on both sides, the learned judge allowed to the plaintiff his wages in pursuance of the contract with him up to the 8th day of November, 1898, but on the finding of the jury that the defendants had the right to dismiss, disallowed the wages for the balance of the time, viz., up to March 8th, 1899. The plaintiff's claim for expenses and supplies purchased was, however, allowed, but there being the right to dismiss, no damages were allowed on the plaintiff's contention and position taken that the defendants by not providing supplies rendered it impossible for him to complete his contract. In the result, the plaintiff is held to be entitled to judgment against the defendants for the sum of $428.85, and it also entitled to the general costs of the action inclusive of the costs of a special jury against the defendants, the defendants to have such additional costs as were occasioned them by reason of the issues upon which they succeeded as against those upon which they failed. Mr. A. E. Phillips and Mr. G. H. Barnard for the plaintiff; Mr. Frederick Peters, Q. C., and Mr. A. G. Stewart Potts for the defendants.

WILL BE A SOCIETY FUNCTION.

The Great Tennis Tournament Next Week—The Arrangements.

The committee of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club have almost completed the arrangements for Monday and Tuesday, when the British Columbia champions are to try conclusions with the American cracks. There is every indication that the tourney will be witnessed by a large crowd of Victoria's elite. Accommodation will be provided for about 700 people, a new movable grand stand being erected. The general admission will be 50 cents, members free, a book being provided for the signatures of members who enter the courts. Tea will be served on the grounds by the Victoria Cafe Co. at reasonable prices, and, given fine weather, there should be such a gathering as is rarely seen in Victoria. Everyone who is anyone will be at the courts on Monday and Tuesday.

MONTREAL MINING MARKET.

(Associated Press.)

Montreal, Sept. 15.—Mining market: morning board: War Eagle, xd., 332, 330; Payne 137, 125; Montreal & London 55, 52; Republic 117, 116½. Sales: War Eagle 3,000 at 337, 2,500 at 334, 500 at 333, 2,000 at 332, 500 at 331; Payne 1,250 at 127; Republic 3,000 at 119, 8,500 at 117.

—Victoria Cafe, Fort St., for breakfast. *

Removing to Yates Street.

SALE SALE

$40,000 STOCK TO BE CLEARED REGARDLESS OF COST.

300 Men's and Boys' Suits at Half Price

B. WILLIAMS & Co.

Tailors and Clothiers - - 97 Johnson Street

Victoria's Growing Time

Marked Activity in Building Operations in the Business Centre

A Replica of the Weiler Block to Be Erected Diagonally Opposite.

That "trade follows the flag" is now accepted as an axiom, and that business follows the post office is likely to become a firmly established fact in this good old city of Victoria.

When the Dominion government selected the site of the present post office, there were those who condemned it as being too far away from the business centre, but it is likely that within a very short time it will be found that the handsome pile of buildings is the actual centre of the retail trade, and the Saturday night promenade is already rapidly extending southward towards the bridge. Perhaps when the Croft scheme is an accomplish fact, the throngs will centre on the bridge and the dress parade be continued even as far south as Birdeage walk.

The erection of Weiler Brothers' magnificent building at the corner of Government and Courtney streets, and the extension of the permanent sidewalk beyond there, has had much to do with the movement southward of the throng of shoppers and shop-window-gazers, and when plans now matured are carried out the whole of that portion of the main artery of the city will be a handsomely built up and busy thoroughfare.

Weiler's building, designed by and erected under the personal supervision of Mr. T. C. Sorby, of harbor improvement fame, has recommended itself to other property owners as a model worthy of imitation, and Mr. E. M. Johnson, agent for Mr. C. A. Vernon, has obtained plans from Mr. Thomas Hooper for a replica of the Weiler block, to be erected at the northwest corner of Government and Broughton streets.

The Vernon block, as it will probably be called, will be occupied principally by Messrs. Erskine, Wall & Co., and Messrs. M. W. Waitt & Co. It will be of brick and stone, faced with finished brick and terra cotta, from the British Columbia Pottery Company's factory. Everything in the way of modern improvements will find a place, there being electric freight and passenger elevators, electric lighting, steam heating and every possible convenience.

The corner store will be leased by Messrs. Erskine, Wall & Co., and will have a frontage of 30 feet on Government street and a depth of 66 feet. This enterprising and successful firm of grocers and Italian warehousemen will also occupy a portion of the basement, and of the second and third storeys. Messrs. Waitt & Co., whose name is indelibly associated in the mind of every Victorian with things musical, will have a store 25x66 feet, a portion of the basement, a show room for the better display of their Heintzmanns and other leading instruments, on the second floor, and a hall 25x44 feet for musicales and rehearsals. It would hardly be possible for Messrs. Waitt to get along without such a hall, indeed without it, one could hardly believe it to be Waitt's, for who has not pleasant recollections of the evenings spent in the cosy salon now occupied, attending rehearsals of some of the comic opera successes which still linger in the memory?

The striking features included in Mr. Sorby's design of the Weiler building, the galleries, etc., will all be repeated in the new structure, and active work will be commenced just as soon as the present tenants, all under short notice, can move out.

The premises now occupied by Messrs. Erskine, Wall & Co. are to be replaced by a large block for the Westside dry goods house, and the B. C. Land & Investment Agency are to erect another story on their building opposite where the Vernon block is to be built. There is an increasing demand for property in that vicinity, and it is held stiffly, the Hudson's Bay Co., owners of the lot between the Investment Co.'s and Messrs. Porter's building, asking $1,000 a front foot.

On the other side of the street, the Windsor hotel site is being looked at with envious eyes by speculators in real estate, and the owner is accumulating wealth by the mere efflux of time, for every month adds to the value of the site.

There are not wanting striking indications that Victoria is about to experience, with the rest of the Dominion, a growing time of unexampled prosperity, and those who have allowed their bosoms to be torn with conflicting emotions when they have visited Vancouver and seen the building going on there, may yet enjoy all the happiness that the ability to boast of one of their own can give. As an old timer said to a Times reporter this morning, "Victoria may be a trifle slow, may be she is, but I notice, don't you know, that she mostly always, generally, gets there just the same."

DO YOU WANT

APPLES PLUMS

Sour Cooking Cherries

Or anything in the fruit line? We are headquarters for fruit of all kinds. Being in close touch with the farmer, we are able to supply you at the very lowest price. Any kind of fruit you may desire at rock bottom prices.

Apples are selling at $1.10 per box. Island Plums from 90c. up.

It will pay you to give us a call. We are giving away a large variety of glass, silver and crockery ware, also a variety of house furnishings, with our 5 per cent discount check.

JOHNS BROS.

259 DOUGLAS STREET.

Personal.

D. Ross, Gaslar, is at the Dominion.

James Robertson, of Montreal, is at the Driard.

Dan. F. Campbell, jr., of Portland, is at the Queen's.

J. S. Latimer, of Seattle, is a guest at the Oriental.

J. Mulin, of Dawson City, is a guest at the Dominion.

William and Mrs. Munsie are visiting friends in Seattle.

Mrs. N. M. Taylor and daughter are guests at the Queen's.

T. Rose Price, a recent arrival from England, is at the Driard.

F. B. Melville and Wm. Field, of Chicago, are at the Victoria.

W. A. Ward returned from the Sound on the Victorian this morning.

R. S. Thorne, wife and two children, of Seattle, are at the Victoria.

D. Walmsley and W. A. Miller, of Goldstream, are at the Occidental.

G. D. Minty and G. F. Stephens, of Winnipeg, are guests at the Driard.

Geo. Goodwin and W. J. Goodwin, of Ottawa, are guests at the Dominion.

Geo. Brimston, now registered from Dawson, is a guest at the Dominion.

F. B. Pemberton returned yesterday from a visit to the provincial Mainland.

H. M. Saunders was a passenger from the Sound by the Victorian this morning.

Wm. and Mrs. Munsie returned from a visit to friends on the Sound this morning.

H. Lockwood, Vancouver manager of the Hudson's Bay Co., is a guest at the Driard.

L. H. Hardie, of Earsman, Hardie & Co., was a passenger from Vancouver yesterday.

Dr. Paul Higgins and Miss Marjorie Corsan came down from Rossland last night.

R. H. Sparling, principal of the Vernon school, and a prominent Orangeman, is in the city.

E. Spencer, a recent arrival from London, England, and R. S. Thomson, of Maple, are guests at the Dominion.

Colin Cameron, provincial police officer at Telegraph Creek, arrived in the city last night, and is at Hotel Victoria.

Miss A. J. Fiske and Mrs. Dr. Goddard, of Tacoma, arrived on the Victorian this morning from Tacoma, and are staying at the Dominion.

E. A. Morris on his recent trip to Winnipeg established agencies throughout Manitoba and the Northwest Territories for Wills' tobaccos.

Among this morning's arrivals at the Driard are E. H. Clarke, Chicago; and Mrs. C. H. Harper, Mrs. Annie Winter and Mrs. Austin Claiborne, of Seattle.

Samuel M. Robins, superintendent of the New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Nanaimo, came down on the morning train and registered at the Driard.

The Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Mr. J. R. Anderson, returned to the city last night from a visit to the Islands' exhibition at Salt Spring. He afterwards crossed to Kuper Island and accepted the hospitality of Rev. Mr. Roberts and Mrs. Roberts for the night, crossing over to Chemainus the following day to catch the Nanaimo train to Victoria.

Rev. Dr. Steel, of Glasgow, Scotland, is a guest at the Dominion. He is a delegate to the Pan-Presbyterian conference, which assembles in Washington, D. C., on the 28th. The conference meets every four years, and every congregation of the Presbyterian denomination with over one hundred members is entitled to send two delegates. Mr. Steel says there will be forty delegates from Great Britain, and, it is expected, 3,000 from this continent.

JUST RECEIVED.

LOBSTERS, New Pack Clover Leaf.
LIME JUICE, Rose's.
CANDY and CHOCOLATES, Robertson's
HAMS and BACON, Queen Brand.
BISCUITS, Christie's.
APPLES, Gravenstine and Snow.

Roasted Peanuts, per lb 15c
Broken Candy, per lb 10c
Chocolate Cream Walnut and Peanut, per lb 20c
20 lbs. Granulated Sugar for .. $1.00
Oregon Peaches, the best, box, 1.00

Hardress Clarke,

Old Post Office - - - - - - - Government St.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

[Reported by F. S. Taggart & Co.]

New York, Sept. 15.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Sugar	140½	149⅝	147⅛	148⅝
C. B. & Q.	132	132⅞	131⅝	131⅞
C. M. & St. P.	130	130⅝	129¼	129⅝
Manhattan ex div	115½	116½	114	114
People's Gas	114⅝	115¼	113½	113⅝
C. R. I. & P.	115⅝	115⅝	114¼	114⅝
Am. Tobacco	129	129⅝	127	127
A. T. & S. F. pfd.	63⅝	63⅝	62⅞	63⅛
U. P. pfd.	76⅞	76⅞	76½	76⅝
T. C. & I.	121	121	118½	118½
A. T. & S. F. com	20½	20⅝	20½	20½
L. & N.	79⅝	79⅝	78⅝	79⅝
B. R. T.	93⅝	93⅝	86⅞	87⅝
N. P. pfd.	75½	75½	75¼	75¼
U. P. com.	44⅞	45	44⅝	44⅞
A. S. W. com.	54⅝	54⅝	54⅛	54⅛

Manhattan ex div. to-day 1 per cent.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, Sept. 15.—The following quotations ruled on the Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	73⅝	73⅞	73½	73⅞
Dec.	70⅝	71	70½	70⅞
Corn—				
May	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
Dec.	28⅝	28¾	28½	28¾
Pork—				
Dec.	812½	815	805	805

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Furnished by Messrs. J. F. Foulkes & Co., stock brokers, 35 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

	Asked.	Bid.
Golden Star	41½	40½
Cariboo (Camp McKinney)	128	121
Minnehaha	17½	16
Waterloo	11½	11
Fontenoy	16	14
Cariboo Hydraulic	154	150
Fairview	8½	7⅝
Smuggler	1¼	¾
Old Ironsides	118	112
Knob Hill	95	90
Rathmullen	8½	8
Brandon and Golden Cr.	28	24
Morrison	17½	16
Winnipeg	31	26
Athabasca	41	38½
Dundee	15	12½
Dardanelles	14½	13½
Fern Gold M. & M. Co.	23½	20
Noble Five	23	22
Payne	129	126
Rambler Cariboo Con	51½	49
Wonderful Group	6½	6
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	48.00	42.00
Republic	124	121
Van Anda	9¾	9
Big 3	23	22½
Deer Park	3½	3¼
Evening Star	12	10¾
Homestake	13	11½
Iron Colt	8½	6
Iron Horse	7	5
Iron Mask	72½	68
Montreal Gold Fields	15	13
Monte Christo Con	7½	6½
Northern Belle	3	2
Novelty	3½	2½
St. Paul	2	1
Silver Bell Con	7	5½
St. Elmo	9	6½
Virginia	12	10
Victory Triumph	7	6
War Eagle Con	338	328
White Bear	4½	4¼
B. C. Gold Fields	4½	3½
Canadian G. F. S.	7½	6½
Gold Hills	7½	7¼
Deer Trail	24½	22
Mt. Sicker & B. C. Devlpt.	453	....

A BIG HAUL.

Ninety Quail Seized at the B. C. Cold Storage Warehouse by the Authorities.

This forenoon Provincial Constables Atkins, Campbell and Russell, acting under the authority of a search warrant, visited the cold storage establishment on Store street and confiscated ninety quail and one cock pheasant found there. A summons will be issued and Manager Patton will be tried for infraction of the Game Act.

There is a close season on both varieties of birds, that upon cock pheasants not being exhausted before October 1st, and that on quail being continuous, having come into force last year.

While it is not known what defence will be offered, it is possible that should he decide to plead not guilty, Mr. Patton will claim that the birds were deposited for storage in his establishment for preservation before the passing of the regulation prohibiting their destruction.

St. Alice Water

FROM THE HOT SPRINGS OF HARRISON.

THORPE & CO., Ltd.

TELEPHONE 435. P. O. BOX 180

THE FISHING SEASON.

Fly Fishing. Salmon Fishing.

A full line of RODS, REELS, FLIES, Etc. SALMON LINES, SPOONS and SPECIAL TROLLING TACKLE

AT FOX'S, 78 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FIRST SHIPMENT OF NEW FALL GOODS

Are now ready for your inspection. They consist of all the Latest Shades and Novelties in Fine Suitings

CREIGHTON & CO. THE TAILORS, 16 BROAD STREET

Mechanics' Store.

Just a Word About Boys' Clothes.

The wear of your boy's suit is determined by its quality; a poor quality suit soon gets shabby and looks like an old suit before its time. We sell the kind that wear and give satisfaction, even our low priced suits are subject to a rigid examination before being placed on our tables.

The new fall styles are now ready.

You'll admit after seeing them that for low prices and good values our children's department has no equal in Victoria.

W. G. CAMERON,

The acknowledged Cheapest Cash Clothier in Victoria, 55 Johnson St.

"DENSMORE"

THE WORLD'S GREATEST TYPEWRITER.

Easiest to Use. Hardest to Wear Out.

Has ball-bearings for every letter, thus reducing friction, and makes the machine last for many years.

Sole Agents for British Columbia,

The B.C. Typewriter Headquarters

A. F. HALLETT, Manager,

Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

Lakeside Hotel

COWICHAN LAKE.

The Noted Fishing and Summer Resort of the Island.

EXCELLENT BOATING.

Stage leaves Duncan's Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Special tickets will be issued by the E. & N. R. R. Co. for Cowichan Lake on Monday, Wednesday and Fridays, good for 15 days; $5.00 return.

PRICE BROS., Props.

METROPOLITAN

LUNCH PARLORS

FOR DAINTY LUNCHES

Why not have the best when it costs no more than a cheap lunch.

A fine variety of Cakes and Pastry with all orders.

Ice Cream, Sodas, Tea, Coffee, Etc.

HIGH CLASS CONFECTIONERY

For people who want the best.

39 FORT STREET. Tel. 101.

DELIGHTED WITH BANFF.

(Associated Press.)

Banff, Sept. 15.—F. Russell, president of the Mobile & Ohio railway, with his family, arrived here yesterday. He intends staying a week at this pleasure resort. He says his trip from Quebec to this point, over the C.P.R., was a revelation. He enjoyed every moment, and Banff is the cap that crowns the trip. The mountains covered with snow, the valleys warm and pleasant, was a new experience for a Southerner.

If you are tired and dull, can't get rested, and have no appetite, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. It enriches and vitalizes the blood.

—Nairn's celebrated linoleums and oilcloths at Weiler Bros; the best cloths in the world. *

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

A pure cream of tartar powder

Highest award at Chicago World's Fair.
Highest tests by U. S. Gov't Chemists.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

Imitation baking powders are mostly made from alum. They may cost less per pound, but their use is at the cost of health.

SENSES OF FISH.

Have They More Than Are Given to Land Animals?

Salt water fish breed in such myriads and it is so difficult to follow them all the year long, that it seems impossible to lessen seriously their numbers except in the cases of salmon, shad, and lobster, which approach the land and have well-defined lines of migration. But this year the menhaden has been so scarce that the fishing steamers have been laid up, and while the menhaden itself is not a food fish, but a fish netted for its oil and waste products, yet the absence of the menhaden means a scarcity of the larger fish that follow it, like the mackerel and bluefish. So that its destruction profoundly affects the fish market.

The habits of deep-water fish are mysterious enough; their coming and going seem governed by whim until one studies the changes that occur in their food, in the temperature of the water, the state of the atmosphere, and a hundred other factors. On the approach of a storm, sea birds are apt to come to land; the same premonitions are felt by the fishes, only they reverse the matter and for safety retire into deep water, where they are in less danger of being stunned or blinded by the surf. The senses of fish are the same as ours: sight, hearing, touch, smell and taste, varying greatly in fish of different kind and surpassing our senses in one case or falling below our standard in another. Mr. Matthias Dunn believes that fish have two more senses than we, namely, an electrical and a magnetic sense, which reside in the skin. A large number of fish have minute tubes running in one or several lines the length of their sides, with nerves running to them. They are sensory organs, but their office is not understood. Using analogy, Mr. Dunn has come to the conclusion that these are the organs which tell the fish of a coming storm. "I find them to be of the same character as those in the electrical ray; they are electrical instruments pure and simple, enclosing the whole fish, whereby the electrical knowledge collected is thrown into the brain." The currents of electricity that forerun a storm pass through land and sea, affect the jelly in the little cells which compose these tubes and alarm the fish, bidding it haste with its feeding and get out into deep water. Fish bite the hook recklessly just before a storm, because there is no time to lose in smelling at or tasting the bait.

Not content with this sixth sense in fishes, Mr. Dunn argues that the same organs supply a seventh, the magnetic sense, the purpose of which is to direct the fish in the darkness of deep water or at night or when, through the agitation of storms or the flowering of marine vegetation or the excessive spawning of fish, the water of the ocean becomes turbid. He cites Thomas Clark, of Truro, as authority for saying that basic rocks are intensely magnetic, and after the friction occasioned by storms the magnetic power becomes so intensified that it often affects the compass and causes shipwrecks during fogs, when the landmarks are concealed. Mr. Dunn's idea is that the homing powers of the shoals of fish that reach the coast in spring from the deep sea are to be explained by the action of this magnetism on the organs of the fish which tells them where to steer.

This leads him to yet another generalization. Lord Kelvin invented a compass in which the needle floats free in a bath of alcohol. The brain of a fish floats in a clear liquid about the consistency of water. May not, asks Mr. Dunn, the brain itself, assisted by the magnet tubes in the skin, act like a magnet floating in liquid? These are questions that might excite the students of fish to efforts along fruitful lines. It may lead to a better knowledge of the factors in deep-sea fishing and have very practical results by explaining where, at a given moment, the food-fish are likely to be, and under what conditions the fishermen may find it worth their while to put to sea.—New York Times.

MONTE CARLO IN JULY.

It is as plain as one's boots that this is the dead season here. Only four tables are going in the "salle." It is quite easy to get a seat. It is not so easy for the rogue to grab winnings that are not his. There is very little gold offered at roulette; the officials hurry the game, as if they could thus hurry the clock, towards which they look frequently, with yawns. They are not so particular, either, in their functions: one may see a man paid more than his due.

And as in the Monte Carlo temple, so in its courts. Houses are shuttered up by fifties. Their balconies are hung with geraniums and heliotrope and bougainvillea and roses, but no one gathers the flowers thus draped as if the town were decorated for the reception of a divinity.

On all sides the builder is at work for the coming autumn. New hotels are being blasted in the rock for villas that shall outdo their predecessors in bizarre beauty, and brightness. The roads are up for the good of the drains. And every week sees yet another of the hotels lock its doors, and its proprietor, his wife and children and maidservants migrate to another hotel, in sight of the snow.

One of the waiters who brings me food hopes next week to be in Luchon; another babbles of the happy Fatherland, which holds for him a mother ready to give and receive embraces. There are two or three tragic pensionary ladies, who will be turned loose ruthlessly in a few days when our shutters are fastened.

"What will become of them?" I asked the German waiter.

"Who knows, Monsieur?" he replies, with a shrug. "They will return when we reopen, but in the meantime"—a pout as expressive, at least, as the shrug seems to indicate that the ladies have no claim on his sympathies.

One of them is English. She is large and middle-aged, and never bows to any one. Unless report lies, she has been here three years. It is hard to believe, for she hurls the most curious command at the menials—"Waiter, portez me la salade!" and that sort of phrase. Her name is Smith.

There is another, an old, old person with buttercup-colored hair and a powdered face. She has something of the "grand air" and any number of dresses, and when she speaks it is as if she were caressing the self-consciousness of another. I am told that she can converse equally well in seven languages. She was amiability itself the other evening at dinner with the silly excited young married couple who came here for honeymoon pleasures: both the young folks had been gambling and were flushed with victory.

"Mais, mon cher Monsieur, be advised, I pray you, and do not ask more of luck than you have received," she said with a little shake of the head and a smile towards the bright-eyed young wife.

Both the innocents proclaimed their confidence. "It is so simple, madame," said the young wife, in comment upon their successes in the morning.

But the next evening she and her husband had left the place. I was so honored as to occupy the room next to theirs, and their wrangling and screams in the night were worse than the one very piquant mosquito (a pale brown creature) whom I could not slay until the dawn broke.

"They lose all their money and they go," said the waiter whose thoughts were turned towards his Fatherland. He laughed while he spoke.—Monte Carlo Letter in the Pall Mall Gazette.

PREFER TO BE SLAVES.

Freedom Not Good Enough for Many Negroes.

From the parliamentary paper just issued on slavery in East Africa, Zanzibar, and Pemba, we learn that in the two latter places the number of slaves who were freed during 1898 were 2,735, and during the first three months of this year 951.

The progress of manumission is slow, too slow for the Society of Friends, who have been stirring up the Foreign Office on the subject, and the Foreign Office has stirred up its officials in East Africa. But a perusal of the correspondence contained in the paper shows that the emancipation of slaves must of necessity be slow.

There is no lack of zeal on the part of our officials, but the slaves are not so eager for freedom themselves—it is often to their interest to remain slaves.

Sir Arthur Hardinge writes that a slave freed by his master is practically provided for by him; a slave freed by the court has only a certificate, which might at one time be sold for a few rupees to a fellow-slave, but has no value now that all can leave their masters with less warning than a servant would give in England. Consequently the slave often prefers the chance of being freed with material advantage by his master to obtaining a mere certificate, in his eyes of no material benefit to him. Contracts and wages have superseded the old arrangements, even in plantations where the so-called slaves do not trouble to ask for freedom papers.

Slavery, says Sir Arthur, in so far as it connotes compulsory or involuntary labor, has entirely ceased to exist.

In addition to the indifference of the slaves themselves, there are other difficulties; more especially with regard to the children born since January 1, 1890, who by decree of the late Seyyid Khalifa-bin-Said are free, though, owing to the great hospitality and the high sense of duty of the Arabs, the lot of these children may not be so fearful as one would anticipate.

"A little homeless negro waif in East Africa," writes Sir A. Hardinge, "is not so badly off as a white child similarly situated in Europe.—London Daily Mail.

TEACHING SOLDIERS TO SHOOT.

"How Soldiers Shoot" is the subject of an interesting paper in the July number of Pearson's Magazine, by Marcus Tinda', describing the various courses of instruction through which recruits go before they are passed as qualified marksmen. Describing what the recruits learn of the theoretical principles of shooting, the writer says:

"He is taught that the bullet travels through air in a curved line, called the Trajectory, and that three forces act upon it: first, the exploded charge tending to drive it forward in a straight line along the line of fire; secondly, the force of gravity; and thirdly, the air resistance. At 200 yards, owing to these forces, the bullet travelling at the rate of 2,000 feet per second, will have fallen about 2 feet.

"In the excitement of firing at close quarters the aim will invariably be too high. It has been calculated that when the enemy approach within 350 yards, the soldiers will instinctively fire as much as 2 or 3 feet above their heads. Now it has been found by experiment that the fact of fixing bayonets will cause the bullet to drop a distance of about 2½ feet in 350 yards; and therefore, when about this distance from the enemy, soldiers are instructed to fix bayonets, in order to counteract the excessive elevation of their aim.

"The recruit learns that the mean extreme range of the bullet is 3,500 yards, and that the longest shot ever observed was 3,760 yards. He is taught the penetrating power of his weapon, a subject full of interest. To take one or two examples. Rammed earth gives less protection than loose; bullets easily find their way through joints of walls, while a concentrated fire of about 150 rounds at 200 yards will breach a 9 inch brick wall.

"Only experience can teach a soldier how much he must aim to the right or left of his mark to counteract the force of the wind. A side wind has more effect on the flight of the bullet than a wind blowing directly towards the firer. The soldier must learn the habits of his rifle, since some shoot higher or lower than others. Every rifle, like every marksman, has its own individuality."

KNIFE NOT NECESSARY.

It is an acknowledged fact that many cases of Cancer can be cured without knife or plaster by our pleasant home treatment. We would like to tell you about it. Send us your address. STOTT & JURY, Box 9, Bowmanville, Ont.

It levels all ranks! The rich must have it because no other is quite so good and the poor have long since found out that Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea is the most economical.

MR. GOSCHEN.

Of Mr. Balfour's Liberal Unionist colleagues, Mr. Goschen was the first to throw in his lot with the Conservatives and to be accepted as a member of Lord Salisbury's second administration. It was he who succeeded the late Lord Randolph Churchill as chancellor of the exchequer, when that brilliant political meteor projected himself out of the Downing street orbit. This was in 1887, and it was not until 1895 that Mr. Chamberlain joined him in the third administration of Lord Salisbury, bringing with him the father of "three acres and a cow" and the present defender of low-flash petroleum, Mr. Jesse Collings, who, by the way, has made a devoted and hard-working under secretary at the Home Office.

Mr. Goschen is as much at home in a Conservative ministry as he was in that of Lord Palmerston, Earl Russell, or Mr. Gladstone; and representing as he does the great interests of what is known as "the City," he has discharged the functions of a minister with equal impartiality under Liberal and Conservative premiers. Mr. Goschen, one might think, ought to have been a permanent official, he is so saturated with the traditions of the governing class.

In spite of his mastery of figures, some have questioned his success as chancellor of the exchequer, and, singularly enough, his least unquestioned record has been as first lord of the admiralty. He has filled that position twice, his two terms of office being separated by no less a distance than twenty-one years. What he learned in the earlier period must, all the same, have been of great profit to him in the later, and no first lord of the admiralty has responded more readily to the voice of public opinion concerning his department than he has. He has accepted all criticism of the admiralty in excellent part; and only once in the House of Commons has he been known to express indignation at the comments of his critics, and that was when the shipbuilding programme of 1898-99 was described by the Pall Mall Gazette as "a modest programme."

Mr. Goschen's manner in debate is not impressive, but one cannot expect, at the age of close upon eighty years, that sounding eloquence which may once have fallen from him. But the House of Commons is very indulgent, and as the first lord plods manfully through voluminous notes in presenting his annual statement on the navy estimates, peering short-sightedly at every slip as he goes along, the House strains every nerve in a respectful effort to follow the thread of the story.

Though his delivery may be trying at times, the matter is always well arranged, and those who are really interested in the subject have never any difficulty in following him in the details of armament, into measurement, and so forth, of his beloved "vessels of the Canopus class"—and others.—Pall Mall Magazine.

"DULY FEED MAN AND STEED."

Feed your nerves, also, if you would have them strong. The blood is the feeder and sustainer of the whole nervous system. Men and women who are nervous are so because their nerves are starved. When they make their blood rich and pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla their nervousness disappears because the nerves are properly fed. Hood's Sarsaparilla never disappoints.

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation. Price 25c.

FREE ART CLASSES.

Those desiring free instruction in art should apply to The Canadian Royal Art Union, Limited, 238 and 240 St. James street, Montreal, Canada.

The Art School is maintained in the Mechanics' Institute Building, Montreal, and is absolutely free. Monthly drawings, on the last day of each month, are held at the St. James street office for the distribution of Works of Art.

There have been 42 deaths from the bubonic plague at Magude, near Lorenzo Marques, Delagoa Bay.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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Goods routed through in bond.

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Pacific Coast Steamship Co.

For San Francisco.

The company's elegant steamships Queen, Walla Walla and Umatilla, carrying H. B. M. mails, leave VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 1, 6, 11, 16, 21, 26, 31, Nov. 5, and every fifth day thereafter. Leave SAN FRANCISCO for Victoria, B. C., 10 a.m., Sept. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Oct. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, Nov. 2, and every fifth day thereafter.

FOR ALASKA.

LEAVE SEATTLE 9 A.M.

Cottage City, Sept. 12, 27, Oct. 12, 27.
City of Topeka, Sept. 7, 22, Oct. 7, 22.
Al-Ki, Sept. 2, 17, Oct. 2, 17.
And every fifth day thereafter.

The steamer Cottage City will call at Victoria, p.m., Sept. 12, 27, Oct. 12, 27, for passengers and freight.

For further information obtain folder.

The company reserves the right to change without previous notice steamers, sailing dates and hours of sailing.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents, Victoria, B. C.

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GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Gen. Agts., San Francisco.

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Seattle to all points East and Southeast, via Portland, Salt Lake City and Denver. Pullman palace sleepers, upholstered tourist sleepers and free reclining chair cars; steam heat, Pintsch light.

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The Boscowitz Steamship Co., Ld.

STR. BOSCOWITZ

Will leave Spratt's wharf

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18

AT 10 P. M.

For Naas River and Way Ports

VIA VANCOUVER.

For freight and passage apply at the company's office, Janion block, Store street, Victoria, B. C.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table without notification.

H. LOGAN, General Agent.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY.

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney as follows:

DAILY:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAY:

Leave Victoria at.....7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAY:

Leave Victoria at.....9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at.....10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

75 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

Leave 8 a.m. Daily. {SS. Victorian} Arrive 5 a.m. Daily

Connecting at Seattle with overland Flyer

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Canadian Pacific Navigation Co.

(LIMITED.)

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

Time Table No. 45—Taking Effect September 1, 1899.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock a.m.; Sunday, 11 p.m. Vancouver to Victoria—Daily, at 1 p.m. o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 tra'n.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner and Lulu Island—Sunday at 11 o'clock Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2, going east Monday. For Plumper Pass—Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Friday at 7 o'clock. Leave New Westminster for Victoria—Monday at 1 o'clock p.m.; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Plumper Pass—Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands—Thursday at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th each month, at 8 o'clock p.m.

ALASKA ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave every Tuesday at 8 p. m. for Wrangel, Dyea and Skagway.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE.

Str. Willapa leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 7th, 14th and 20th of each month, extending latter trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent.
C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

G. P. N. Co., Ld., Steamers

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

DYEA SKAGWAY, WRANGEL

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails. As follows at 8 p.m.

"DANUBE".....Sept. 20.
"TEES".....Sept. 27.

And from Vancouver on following days.

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time-table at any time without notification.

C.P.N. CO'Y, LTD.

STEAMER

AMUR

(Le Blanc, Master.)

Carrying Her Majesty's mails, will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf for

SKIDEGATE AND WAY PORTS

Thursday, September 14, and from Vancouver at 12 noon on September 15.

For freight or passage apply at the office of company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B. C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.

THE Y. V. T. CO.'S STEAMER

"ALPHA"

Will Leave Porter's Wharf for

Dyea, Skagway and Wrangel

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18,

And from VANCOUVER at 12 noon on following day.

For freight and passage apply at the office of the company, 36 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

The company reserve the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

J. D. WARREN, Manager.

HUMBOLDT STEAMSHIP CO.

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SAILS FOR

Dyea and Skagway

Direct every ten days. No stops. No delays. Round trip in seven days. Rates same as on other steamers. Next sailing

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Calling at Mary Island, Metlakahtla, Ketchikan, Wrangel, Juneau, Skagway and Dyea.

For full particulars apply to Canadian Development Company, Agents, 32 Fort street. Telephone 616.

Victoria and Texada Island.

STR. CLAYOQUOT

WILL LEAVE

Victoria for Nanaimo, Thursday.....6 a.m.
Nanaimo for Texada, Friday.....7 a.m.
Texada for Nanaimo, Saturday.....7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Victoria, Tuesday.....6 a.m.

Calling at way ports.

Every Wednesday at 7 a.m. for Sooke and return same day.

For rates apply on board or at Porter's Wharf.

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Nelson & Fort Sheppard
Red Mountain Railways

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DAILY TRAINS.

Leave.		Arrive.
8:00 a.m.	Spokane	6:00 p.m.
11:25 a.m.	Rossland	3:30 p.m.
9:10 a.m.	Nelson	5:50 p.m.

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Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

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Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago.

This assures passengers from the west making connections.

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FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

SS. AUSTRALIA to sail Wednesday, Sept. 20, at 2 p.m., for HONOLULU only.

SS. MARIPOSA to sail Wednesday, Oct. 4, at 10 p. m.

Line to COOLGARDIE, Aus., and CAPETOWN, South Africa.

J. D. SPRECKLES & BROS. Co., Agents, 114 Montgomery street.

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DODWELL & CO., Ld., VICTORIA ROUTE

Steamer Victorian

TIME CARD NO. 4.

Effective Monday, September 11th, 1899.

NORTH BOUND.

Leave Tacoma.....8:00 p.m.
Arrive Seattle.....10:00 p.m.
Leave Seattle.....10:30 p.m.
Arrive Port Townsend.....1:15 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend.....1:30 a.m.
Arrive Victoria.....4:15 a.m.

SOUTH BOUND.

Leave Victoria.....8:00 a.m.
Arrive Port Townsend.....10:45 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend.....11:00 a.m.
Arrive Seattle.....1:45 p.m.
Leave Seattle.....2:15 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma.....4:15 p.m.

DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY.

For further information apply to DODWELL & CO., Ltd., General Agents, 64 Government street.

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A familiar name for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, known all over the Union as the Great Railway running the "Pioneer Limited" trains every day and night between St. Paul and Chicago, and Omaha and Chicago, "The only perfect trains in the world." Understand: Connections are made with All Transcontinental Lines, assuring to passengers the best service known. Luxurious coaches, electric lights, steam heat, of a verity equaled by no other line.

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A FEW INTERESTING FACTS.

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J. C. POND, General Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

or JAS. A. CLOCK, General Agent, 246 Park street, Portland, Ore.

Provincial News.

REVELSTOKE.

Provincial Mineralogist Robertson was in town on Monday looking after the local contributions to the "provincial exhibit of minerals for the Paris exposition.

W. Woods, of G. Bell & Co., who has been laid up in the hospital with typhoid fever, is round again and left on Tuesday for Nelson to take the same position in their branch store there as he occupied here.

The memorial stone for the head of the late Rev. F. A. Ford's grave in the cemetery was placed in position on Tuesday. It takes the form of a handsome white marble cross, over five feet high.

MIDWAY.

F. W. Groves is engaged in planting the Lamb ranch for the C. P. R.

It is understood that Mr. McAuley has purchased Mr. Keightley's interest in the Boundary hotel.

A gang of men have been repairing the road from Rock creek through Midway and up Boundary creek.

The sum of $350 will be spent in repairing the Midway public school.

F. Lamb and F. Roberts have left Midway for Vancouver Island, where Capt. Lamb has recently purchased a ranch near Duncan. They went out by way of Keremeos and Hope, and took some stock with them. The Lamb brothers will reside there in future.

FERNIE.

Mr. J. D. Quail is making good progress with the new school, and expects to have it ready for occupation in about a month.

Mr. James Johnstone, general manager of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, who is at prsent on a trip through parts of Montana and other places, has sent instructions to at once charge all of the new coke ovens that are ready, as the prospects are very bright for a large trade in coke in the near future.

The scheme for a joint hospital has fallen through in consequence of the C. P.R. withdrawing, and for the present the same building will be used as heretofore.

On the night of Friday, September 1st, a man named John Laughlin was run over and instantly killed by the mine train.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The Columbian is informed that Chinese and Japanese "murdered" large numbers of pheasants on Lulu island last winter, the distinction betwen the cock and hen pheasants being, of course, nothing to them, so long as they got the bird. As a result pheasants are reported less plentiful this year than last on the Delta lands. The bad weather again making the hatching later than usual, the young pheasants will hardly be in condition by October 1st, and a petition, it is understood, is in circulation to make the open season for pheasants both late and short this year.

Mr. Richard McBride, M.P.P., left on Wednesday on a flying trip to Atlin to finish up some legal business left on his former trip. Mr. McBride expects to reach Atlin on September 20th, and to leave on his return on the 24th or 25th, so as to reach home again by October 1st.

There was heavy weather in the Gulf on Wednesday night. The guard of the steamer Transfer was broken as she tossed at her wharf at Steveston; the steamer Dunsmuir was storm-stayed at Nanaimo, and a large Northern Pacific liner, with cattle for Skagway, had, through stress of weather, to seek refuge in the same harbor.

AINSWORTH.

That the town of Ainsworth is enjoying a period of marked prosperity is obvious to all the observant, says the Kaslo Kootenaian, adding: "From every part of the province people are coming in, some to enjoy the majestic scenery and obtain the quiet and rest of this little town, some to spend, and others to make money."

Those who come seeking employment have invariably found it at one or other of the many properties that are being opened up and developed.

The power of the Coffee creek air compressor is to be put into use shortly. The huge tunnel that is being bored into the heart of the mountain is rapidly progressing under the management of Messrs. Stevensons, whilst the concentrator under the same management is handling large quantities of ore that are being shipped by the Tariff and other mines. Then, also, the Little Phil, Black Diamond, Star, No. 1, and other mines and properties are being steadily operated. That there is ore in large quantities in this mountain is being demonstrated time and again.

The four hotels, situated on the main street, are doing a flourishing business; whilst the air of satisfaction that pervades our business men clearly indicates that they, too, are reaping rich harvests.

ROSSLAND.

On Thursday next the city offices are to be removed from the quarters which they have occupied ever since the city was incorporated, to the new city hall on the south side of Columbia avenue, west of the rock bluff. The front of the new city hall will be used for the police court and council chamber, while the rear part has been set aside for the use of the city officials.

Mr. Alexander Robertson, superintendent of education, is in the city. Mr. Robertson's visit is in connection with educational matters.

Hon. F. L. Carter-Cotton, finance minister of the province, accompanied by Mr. James Martin, M.P.P., School Directors C. O. Lalonde and H. P. McCraney and Mr. H. W. C. Jackson, secretary of the Board of Trade, yesterday visited the public schools for the purpose of looking into their needs. The schools were found to be overcrowded, and it was made manifest to the minister that there was great need for the addition of two or three schools and the employment of two additional teachers. As it would scarcely do to pay rent all the time, the need of an additional school building was at once recognized by the minister, and he promised to bring the matter to the attention of his colleagues so that the proper action should be taken as soon as possible. The matter of providing a high school at some point in the Kootenays was brought to the attention of Minister Cotton, and he promised that it would be given due consideration when he returned to the seat of goverument. In the matter of the construction of the wagon road from Rossland to Sophie mountain, it was decided that a force of men should be put to work at once, and that the trees and brush should be cut out and the bridges built before the snow begins to fall, for the reason that there would not be time to complete the road this year. When this is done the road can be used as a snow road during the coming winter. Next year, when the snow melts, the road can be properly graded and put in such a condition that wagons can be used upon it.

NELSON.

Wesley Colbick and Miss Lizzie Johnson were married on Tuesday afternoon at the residence of August Thomas on Vernon street. The knot was tied by Rev. C. A. Rose.

At the regular business meeting of the directors of the Kootenay Lake general hospital, which was held on Tuesday, Dr. G. A. B. Hall was presented with a neat onyx clock as a token of the appreciation by the directors of his past services as hospital physician.

The Nelson Coke & Gas Company resumed the laying of pipe mains on Wednesday on Vernon and Lake streets. Tenders will be called for at once for the construction of the company's buildings, which are to be built of stone with an iron roof.

City Clerk Strachan has arrived home from the Coast. He had several conference with E. Crowe Baker, who has charge of the Nelson City Land & Improvements Company's business, with respect to the dispute between the com-respect to the dispute between the company and the city of Nelson over the land expropriated by the city for the reservoir site. He says the result of the interviews has been that a basis has been arived at upon which the parties to the dispute may treat with a view to a settlement of the question, but until he has reported to the council he does not feel at liberty to state what the basis will be.

The Nelson Street Railway Company has let a contract for the erection of the trolley poles along the line of the road. Work has been started on the power station, which is to be erected on block A at the end of the Hall mines switchback, near Cottonwood creek. The Bonnington Falls Power Company has two miles of the right of way cleared for its pole line, and promises to have the line over the nine miles to the power station and deliver power by October 15th.

Thomas Cameron was tried before Judge Forin on Tuesday upon the charge of theft from the person for stealing a check of $15.05 from John Leech. He was sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

An attempt was made on Wednesday morning to break into the Lakeview hotel, but the burglars were interrupted. Gust Erickson, one of the proprietors, closed the bar about 3 o'clock, but returning about ten minutes to 4 o'clock he saw some one turn off the electric light in the card room of the bar. He entered the bar in time to see a man disappear from the rear window, entrance through which had been effected by means of a 20-foot ladder. Before Erickson could get around to the rear of the building the burglars had made their escape.

Although the Boundary extension of the Columbia & Western railway has not been inspected by the railway department of the Dominion government, regular service has been commenced, although passengers are not supposed to be carried. Freight and express will be forwarded promptly as far as Grand Forks.—Nelson Tribune.

The opening meeting of the Presbytery of Kootenay was held on Tuesday evening in St. Paul's Presbyterian Church with a full representation of members of Presbytery. The announcement that the Rev. Prof. Hammill, of Belfast, Ireland, was to speak brought out a large congregation to hear the distinguished divine from the Emerald Isle. After devotional exercises, conducted by the moderator, the Rev. R. Frew, the Presbytery was constituted, but on motion of Rev. Mr. Menzies the ordinary routine of business was postponed till a later hour in order that Prof. Hammill might have an opportunity of addressing the meeting.

VANCOUVER.

Rev. A. B. Winchester, of Victoria, will occupy the Homer Street Methodist Church pulpit on Sunday next. The pastor, the Rev. E. E. Scott, is expected to return from his vacation next week.

At the last meeting of the school board a letter was read from G. W. McRae, principal of the Fairview school, asking for an increase in the teaching staff, owing to the number of new pupils attending the school. It was referred to the city superintendent. On motion it was decided that the board adjourn to meet again at 8 p.m. on Wednesday, September 27, to consider the advisability of purchasing lots in various parts of the city for the further extension of the schools.

Last Saturday as Police Magistrate Corbould and Mr. W. J. Bowser were driving from Steveston to this city, they noticed a horse driven in a stage belonging to Sol Grossman with blood running down his shoulders. Upon arrival, Mr. Corbould, although he was desirous of catching the train for Westminster, made a complaint to the secretary of the S. P. C. A., which resulted in Grossman being prosecuted on Wednesday. The evidence was of a most revolting character. The magistrate fined the defendant $10 and costs.

Officer Colin Campbell has returned from Welcome Pass, where he had been to investigate the circumstances of the finding of the body of a man on the beach. The remains were found to be those of T. Fukunagu, a Japanese fisherman from the Fraser river cannery on the North Arm. He had a cannery book and his license on him, the former showing that he had been fishing on August 19th last. It was evident that the man had been drowned and his body washed up by the tide.

The Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, Grand Master of the Loyal Orange Association and Conservative member in the Dominion House for West York, is in the city. Among those who were on the platform to meet the prominent politician were his worship, Mayor Garden, Mr. John Cunningham, Mr. F. Walker, secretary of the Conservative Association; ex-Alderman McMorran, Mr. Hewitt Bostock, M. P., Mr. T. Duke and several others.

Mr. Wallace stated that private business in the province had made him undertake his present trip West, but that while here he would naturally pay official visits to the several Orange lodges.

On Wednesday evening a deputation of the Vancouver Orangemen waited on Mr. Wallace, who has been Grand Master of the order for the past twelve years, when the prominent visitor consented to open a new Orange Lodge in Vancouver this evening.

A movement is on foot among the business and mining men of this district to have a gold commissioner's office established in this city. To obtain this end a petition was circulated in the district, which received the support of Mayor Garden and the city council, also of the majority of mining men, merchants and other business men in Vancouver. Last week, this petition, extensively signed, was presented to Mr. C. E. Tisdall, M. P. P., with the request that he would forward it to the minister of mines. Mr. Tisdall gave the movement his hearty support.

On Wednesday Mr. Tisdall received an acknowledgement of the receipt of the petition and a letter from the minister of mines.

Copies of both the petition and Mr. Hume's reply are given as follows:

"To the Honorable The Minister of Mines:

We, the undersigned petitioners, being merchants, miners, mining agents and citizens of Vancouver and district, have now the honor to present to you a petition asking for certain alterations in the boundaries of the New Westminster district or mining division, and the creation of a new district to be called "——" of which new district, Vancouver City shall be the place wherein all records appertaining to such office shall be filed.

The grounds for our petition are as follows:

1. Vancouver and Victoria are the two ports of entry to which all steamers come and from which said steamers depart.

2. Passengers upon many occasions have but a very limited time at their disposal to transact their business.

3. At the present time any man desiring to record a claim or make any search or enquiry regarding any claim in this district is compelled, either to pay tram fares to and from New Westminster, or to enable him to transact his other business in this city, to employ an agent to make said searches or enquiries, thereby causing him not only loss of time, but considerable expense and dissatisfaction.

4. The creation of a recording office in Vancouver will save the expense referred to in clause 3, and will be a great convenience to the public and be a source of income now lost to the government, as many searches and other business which is not now transacted owing to the expense of reaching New Westminster, and the loss of time in going and coming, will certainly be made.

5. The general public, as well as those interested in mining, are continually complaining that an office is not established in this city.

6. The creation of the suggested new district or division will be commended by the said general public from the city of Vancouver to the most Northern part of the Mainland, and will not, we think, do any injustice to the city of New Westminster.

7. If Mr. R. J. Skinner, the courteous official, who now issues licenses, is appointed gold commissioner, etc., it will meet with not only our but also the hearty approval of the public. The new division cannot be a source of increased expenditure, but rather a source of increased income for your government.

8. The great success attending the issue of miners' certificates emphasises the truth of paragraph 7.

Your petitioners ask for the immediate consideration of this matter.

And your petitioners will ever pray, etc."

Mr. Hume's Reply.

"Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 5th instant, enclosing petition from the merchants, miners and others of Vancouver and district, asking that a gold commissioner may be established in that town, pointing out the many advantages to be derived from the formation of this new district, and recommending the name of Mr. R. J. Skinner as being in every way suitable to fill the appointment.

"I have much pleasure in calling the attention of the executive to this petition, and will inform you at a later date what decision has been arrived at.

"I am, sir, your obedient servant,

"(Signed) J. FRED. HUME,

"Minister of Mines."

The Indian mummy, recently found by Prof. Harlan L. Smith of New York, near Harrison Lake, has been shipped to New York. Professor Smith thinks, and local archæologists agree with him, that the mummy is probably hundreds of years old. It is the most remarkable find of a two years' search for native relics, pursued by Professor Smith on this Coast. The mummy was found in a cave immediately alongside a trail leading up the mountain. Prof. Smith says: "The cave was perhaps 20 feet square, and high enough for convenient standing room. Around the sides of the cave were shelves hewn out of the rock, and in one of these we found the sarcophagus which contained the mummy which has been shipped to New York. The other shelves had evidently been intended for like receptacles, but for some reason the cave had been sealed up with one body in the vault. The sarcophagus was simply a stone coffin, and without any top covering. The wrappings were of peculiar texture. From the neck downwards there was fully a dozen folds of thick cloth composed half of hair and half of stringy bark. The face looks very similar to the ordinary Egyptian mummy, and was preserved as well as any of the mummies I have seen. The particular feature of the ancient's head was his high forehead, which makes me think that he was of the tribes who must have lived before the flat-faced, squat-headed Siwash Indians of the present day. We unwrapped one hand, which was shrivelled up to mere skin and bone, some of the nails having already disappeared. The mummy had been a tall man of large proportions, another indication of his being of a race different from the Pacific Coast Indians, who are short, and do not average five feet. The mummy, by actual measurement, was over 6 feet tall. Around the ankles and wrists were bands of silver, alloyed with some other metal. I think he must have been a member of the tribes living in the Northwest before the forbears of the present race arrived—as is generally conceded—from the Eastern Asiatic coast. The texture of the wrappings, as I have already mentioned, bore some evidence of a civilization at least a few degrees above the standard of savages."

BLAME THE KIDNEYS

for that distressing backache and help them to get well by using

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Backache is usually the most pronounced symptom of kidney disease. Other indications are irregularities in urinating and deposits in the urine.

Success in curing kidney disease and preventing Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, etc., depends largely on the stage of the disease at which it is taken. If treatment is begun before the tissues are too far wasted away Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will positively cure you and promptly at that.

Mr. John Lewis, Surrey Centre, B. C., states: "I have been troubled with kidney disease and terrible pains in the back for over a year. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills have taken the pains away and are curing me. They are good pills for the kidneys."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills act directly on the kidneys, strengthen and invigorate them and permanently cure kidney disease and backache. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Mining News

In the Slocan.

Development at the Mollie Hughes is proceeding in an energetic manner, and the best results are being obtained. It is simply marvellous the number of prominent developments around New Denver in the past month, and the Mollie Hughes can safely be counted as one of the foremost. Last week the owners commenced work with a small force, determined to thoroughly test the property. T. Avison assumed charge, and he decided upon opening up the rich ledge running through the Mollie Hughes claim. Going up the hill some distance above the railroad track and beyond the openings made by the Northwest Mining Syndicate when they had the group under bond, a cut was cleared out exposing likely ore in the breast. Then starting in just below this, a tunnel was commenced, and a day or so ago the vein was caught with the most gratifying success. Fourteen inches of ore are now showing in the breast, of which considerable is being taken out and piled up on the dump ready for shipment. It is of the usual character found on the claim, carrying gold, copper and galena, with heavy scales of native silver. The ore is of very high grade and needs no sorting. From present indications the ore chute will prove continuous and in place, and it is believed this vein is the main ore carrying fracture on the group, though there are numerous others showing shipping mineral.

Hermann Clever is making a mine of the Lost Tiger group, upon which such a fine strike was made some weeks ago. He has four men working and, in addition to a number of open cuts along the lead, he has two tunnels driven, one in 60 feet and the other 70 feet. The top working has a fine showing of clean ore and concentrates, but is evidently cutting the apex of the chute. The lower drift is expected to tap the ore in 125 feet, when big things may be looked for. Mr. Clever is convinced he has the Alpha lead and that it runs through the group. Prospecting the ground is difficult, the wash being ten to twenty feet deep.

Eight men are working under contract at the Sovereign.

Twenty tons of ore were shipped from the Rambler-Cariboo last week, and steady shipments will follow. There are twenty-five men working, and this force will be gradually increased.

The five-drill compressor plant for the Ivanhoe is being put into place.

The concentrator machinery for the Ruth has arrived, and will be installed without delay.

Operations on the new long tunnel at the Queen Bess were commenced on Saturday last.

Preparations are being made at the Vulture group to commence the shipment of ore.

At the Dardanelles the levels are being put into shape as quickly as the water is pumped out, and the general mining operations will follow at once.

Christina Lake District.

For the last two or three weeks Edgar P. Rathbone, the noted mining engineer of the B. C. Mercantile & Mining Syndicate, of Cascade, who came here from England for that express purpose, has been making an exhaustive examination of the ore bodies of the camps in the Christina lake district.

The result of this careful examination is distinctly favorable to this section. He believes, however, that much depends on work—hard, honest, well-directed, intelligent work on the part of the prospector, or development company. In talking with a representative of the Cascade Record, Mr. Rathbone said:

"My special object in visiting the mining properties in the Christina lake district was to ascertain if there was sufficient evidence of the existence of payable veins or ore bodies, such as would warrant the permanent and steady progressive existence of such a town as Cascade City, and I may at once say, that I consider it would be very bad luck, indeed, if, when some more serious work is carried out, there should not be discovered at least one or two properties which will be worked finally on an industrial paying basis.

"The whole country is highly mineralized, but it still remains to be seen whether sufficiently high values will be maintained to pay all working expenses of say some $15 or $20 and leave a reasonable margin of profit. I have personally great confidence in the future of the district; and most certainly can recommend capitalists to investigate into its merits, but under present conditions would not advise anyone to pay too highly for such a privilege.

"I consider that a well organized exploration company might do well, especially if, with an efficient staff and laboratory arrangements, it were to systematically test a number of claims, and thus prove up some points where good payable and permanent ore chutes existed. Under present conditions, with such an immense area to investigate, one cannot help feeling that it is left very much to chance, that is for mere prospectors to stumble on the right spot, whereas with capital and organization much of this wild and uneconomic work could be avoided. I would especially recommend that more attention be paid to the probable existence of large ore bodies on contact planes between the dolomite or magnesian limestone formation and igneous rocks intbinding, since in other mining districts it is precisely under similar conditions that some of the greatest discoveries have been made, notably in Colorado."—Cascade Record.

DESTINED FOR THE JOB.

Chief Deasy's Experiences as a Fire-Fighter Dates Back Nearly Half A Century.

The convention of the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs, to be held in New Westminster during the Exposition week, is causing considerable interest. Chief Deasy, of the Victoria fire department, has rendered invaluable assistance to Commissioner Keary in the matter and the following letter written by him to Mr. Keary has been handed to the press for publication:

Victoria, Sept. 9th, 1899.

Friend William: The time may be short, but it might be well to ask exhibitors of fire fighting apparatus to make a display at your Fair. The Gutta Percha & Rubber Manufacturing Company of Toronto always makes a large exhibit; A. G. Long, of Portland, Oregon, represents a number of firms; our secretary, Mr. Bringhurst, is also an agent for fire department supplies. Every chief has some invention or device which would prove instructive and interesting, and I am sure the customs authorities would allow them to go through as exhibits.

Our hose team, of ten men, will commence work on Monday evening in preparation for the tournament. Secretary Bringhurst is hard at work and we will have a successful convention. I sent you a clipping from Fire and Water, of New York, with an account of the meeting, and an invitation to all heads of departments. This shows that our secretary is up to date.

It will be a strange experience for us to meet in a city just rising from the ashes. The indomitable pluck of your citizens will be apparent, and lessons will be learned which will prove of great value.

To myself, a meeting in your city will prove interesting. Forty years ago, two little boys were brought ashore in "Queensborough" by their soldier fathers. You happened to be one of them and I the other. My first experience of fire fighting was gained when the theatre and our home burned at the camp (Sapperton). Our fathers worked together many a time on the old "Hyack" engine. Do you remember when the woods burned, and the soldiers had to seek safety in the wells? I have been to over 2,000 fire alarms since then, and none made me feel so bad as the one which swept my childhood's home from end to end.

When I reached your city, on the night of the fire, it seemed like a waste in an unknown land. When we meet in your city to devise ways and means to prevent and suppress fire, many from other cities with the same experience as yours will be there. From Kamloops to San Francisco a large majority of the cities have been burned. They now realise that vigilance is the price of safety, and modern methods of fire fighting are necessary in every community. The convention of Fire Chiefs means a great deal. We exchange ideas, read essays, bring before our municipal authorities the requirements of cities, and in many ways advance the interests of all concerned. The press and the public should show encouragement and appreciation to the representatives of the army of fire fighters.

Yours sincerely,

THOMAS DEASY.

'The British Society for the Advancement of Science has granted £1,000 towards the expenses of an Antarctic expedition.

Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

IS PICKED PURITY

Strong in Purity. Fragrant in Strength.

IMITATORS ARE MANIFOLD.

CHASE & SANBORN,

MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

1899

Provincial Exhibition

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF

The Royal Agricultural and Industrial Society of British Columbia

WILL BE HELD AT

New Westminster

October 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th

$15,000 - - IN PRIZES - - $15,000

OPEN TO THE WORLD

A Round of Pleasure for Four Whole Days

HORSE RACES, BICYCLE RACES, CHAMPIONSHIP LACROSSE,
AQUATICS, NAVAL AND MILITARY SPORTS, CYMKHANA,
BASEBALL, FOOTBALL, BAND TOURNAMENT

MAGNIFICENT ILLUMINATIONS.

Grand Concert each evening. Special attraction at the New Westminster Opera House. Monster Excursions from all points, at greatly reduced rates. For special features see small handbills. No entrance fee charged for Exhibits.

Executive—His Worship Mayor Ovens, T. J. Trapp, W. J. Mathers, Geo. D. Brymner, R. F. Anderson, Ald. J. F. Scott, Ald. M. Sinclair.

For Prize Lists, Entry Forms, and full particulars, write to

T. J. TRAPP, President. ARTHUR MALINS, Secretary. W. H. KEARY, Commissioner.

J. Piercy & Co.

Wholesale Dry Goods

Manufacturers of Every Description of Clothing by WHITE LABOR.

VICTORIA, B.C.

25, 27, 28, 29 Yates Street.

On the first indication of Diarrhœa or Dysentery a few doses of Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry will promptly check the advance of these dangerous diseases.

It has been over 40 years in use and has no equal for the cure of bowel complaints of young or old. There are many dangerous imitations on the market, so it would be wise to see that the full name, Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry, is on every bottle you buy.

To Ladies Only.

Are you one of those who find work a burden? You used to do it easily, without effort, but now you always feel tired and worn out whatever you attempt. Are you nervous, irritable, suffering from pain anywhere? Are you troubled with organic or functional disorder, acute or chronic? If so, know for a certainty that you can be made vigorous, bright, strong and healthy by consulting personally, or by letter, free of charge,

The Woman's Health Agency of Paris,

Western Branch—Seattle, Wash.

FOR MARRIED LADIES.

"SUREMENT," the latest French Discovery. Price, $2 per box (1 month's treatment).

BOTANIC PILLS, 50 cents per box.

Chief Depot, Dr. De Lambert's Pharmacy, Quartier Latin, Paris.

LADY AGENTS WANTED.

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Remedies mailed to any address.

JOHN MESTON

Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc.

BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

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ATLIN MINES.

Reliable information can be had by applying to

RANT & JONES,

Notaries, Mining Brokers and General Agents. ATLIN, B.C.

ANDREW SHERET,

Plumber

102 FORT ST. Cor Blanchard Telephone 629.

Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitter

TENDERS.

Tenders will be accepted up to the 30th September prox., for the purchase of the Dominion steamer "Sir James Douglas," as she now stands, lying at the Custom House wharf.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

For particulars apply to the undersigned, Custom Building, Victoria, B. C.

JAS. GAUDIN, Agent.

TENDERS.

Whole or separate tenders will be received by the undersigned up to Sept. 15th for the purchase of the following properties, viz.:

Acre, Lot 1, Block 2, Section 74, corner Richmond and Oak Bay avenues.

Also Block A1, Section 5, 1.03 acres, and part of Block B, Section 5, 1.38 acres, with two story dwelling thereon.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

P. C. MACGREGOR,
92 Government street, Victoria, B.C.

Notice—Re Thistles

The attention of persons interested is hereby drawn to Sections 3 and 5 of the "Consolidated Thistle By-Law," which reads as follows, viz.:

Sec. 3. "Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupier or agent for the owner or lessee of any land, shall cut or cause to be cut down, all thistles growing upon such land before such thistles shall have gone to seed or come to flower."

Sec. 5. "Every person convicted of an infraction of this By-Law shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding Twenty Dollars."

By Order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., August 23rd, 1899.

UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD
THEOSOPHY

New Century (weekly), $1.50 yearly, Editor, Katherine A. Tingley. Universal Brotherhood Magazine (monthly), $2 yearly. Editors, Katherine A. Tingley and E. A. Neresheimer. Publications devoted to teachings of Brotherhood on the broadest lines. Key to Theosophy, by H. P. Blavatsky, $1.50; Ocean of Theosophy, by W. Q. Judge, 50c. For information of the work and book list, address E. A. Neresheimer, 144 Madison avenue, New York.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

OPEN FROM 6 P.M. TO 10 P.M

The Institute is free for the use of Sailors and shipping generally. Is well supplied with papers and a temperance bar. Letters may be sent here to await ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

SHIPPING NEWS

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT.

After a good passage of eighteen days from Honolulu the bark Harvester, Captain Edwardson, arrived in the Roads this morning in tow of the tug Sea Lion. For the first eight days she experienced light winds and then moderate winds until three days ago, when she encountered a heavy northwesterly wind. She saw no shipping until her arrival off the Cape, when the American schooner Volunteer, with a cargo of sulphur for the Tacoma cement works, was seen beating up the straits bound to this port, and the brigantine Blakely was seen bound in with a load of cod caught by her in Behring sea. The Sea Lion, which brought in the Harvester, searched for the supposed derelict so often reported on the West Coast, the last time off Barclay Sound on Sunday last. She was, however, unable to find any trace of "The Flying Dutchman."

According to news which reached here this morning the river steamer St. James, of the Alaska Commercial Company, turned turtle in the Yukon river, near Hamilton, on August 26th, and is now a total loss. The accident to the St. James was a peculiar one. She was anchored in mid-stream for the night, it being a rule among river boats never to travel at night, when it can possibly be averted. At the time of the accident an exceptionally strong current was running, and from the opposite direction a gale of wind was blowing. Between the two the steamer had little show, and without any warning over she went. The night watchman succeeded in awakening the crew, the members of which escaped in their night clothing. The St. James carried a cargo of general supplies for the company's store on the Noyukak.

The U. S. S. Thetis, which has been transporting reindeer from the Siberian coast to Alaska stations and incidentally searching for the long lost Northern Pacific liner, Pelican, reached St. Michael on August 29th. She was unable to find any trace that would lead to a solution of the fate of the missing vessel. After a visit to Cape Nome the Thetis was to go to Dutch Harbor with Red Sheldon Jackson, who is in charge of the reindeer business. Dr. Jackson, who will go to Sitka from Ounalaska, says the season's work has been very satisfactory, several hundred very fine deer having been left at the different stations, in payment of the debts contracted on the famous cruise of Lieut. Jarvis and Dr. Call, of the Bear. From Dutch Harbor the Thetis will proceed to San Francisco.

The United States government is still chartering transports. Five more vessels have just been taken up, two well known in these waters. The Manauense and Bristol will go to San Francisco to carry troops, and the big liners City of Pekin and Anglo-Australian, expected to reach the Golden Gate shortly, will also become troopers. The Port Stephens, a sister liner of the Port Albert, has been chartered through F. Waterhouse & Co. to load horses and mules for the Philippines or the Sound. Other vessels are expected to be taken up in the course of a few days.

The annual meeting of the Puget Sound Tugboat Company was held yesterday at Port Townsend, and the following officers were elected: E. P. Blake, manager Washington Mill Co., of Hadlock, president; Cyrus Walker, of Puget Mill Co., Ludlow, vice-president; E. E. Ames, manager Port Gamble mills, secretary and treasurer. The directors are the above officers and C. R. Cramer of Port Gamble, and John Campbell, manager at Port Blakely. The board of directors unanimously re-elected Capt. John B. Libby as manager.

Steamer Victorian, which arrived about 5 a.m. from the Sound and left at 8 a.m., is not running to the satisfaction of Chief Engineer Hill, and steps are to be taken to make her a faster traveller. Instead of going on to Tacoma to-day she will lay over at Seattle and a new circulating pump will be put in her. She has been working with an auxiliary pump since starting on the run, and the result has not been satisfactory. The new circulating pump will increase her speed considerably.

The Union Steamship Company has received from Glasgow, Scotland, a forced draught apparatus which will be fitted on the Cutch when she next arrives from the North. When this apparatus is installed it is expected that the Cutch will be able to make one knot per hour more than she is capable of at the present time. A spare shaft was also received and a number of other pieces of machinery which will be kept for breakdowns or other emergencies.

Steamer Dirigo reached Seattle this morning via Vancouver from Skagway. She brought down about 100 passengers, two thirds of whom were from Dawson. The Klondikers left Dawson on September 1st, and came up the river on the steamer Victorian. Colin Cameron, of this city, was a passenger by the Dirigo from Wrangel. He came down from Telegraph creek.

Bark Harvester, which arrived this morning from Honolulu, will go to Seattle to-night in tow of the tug Tyee to load coal for San Francisco. After discharging her dusky diamonds the Harvester will come north again, going to Chemainus to load lumber for Australia. The Tyee will tow the Star of Italy to the Sound at the same time.

It is reported that the steamer City of Dublin, reported as chartered by the United States government, has been taken up by Dodwell & Company, and not by the government, to replace one of the vessels taken from them. The local agents have not been informed in this regard.

H. M. ships Pheasant and Icarus are to leave the Behring sea for Esquimalt to-day. They are expected about the end of the month.

Steamer Boscowitz is due from the Naas and way ports on Sunday. She will sail north again on Monday.

Steamer Queen City sailed last night for West Coast points.

The tonnage famine is putting rates up to the top notch figure. Barks Silo and Yosemite are reported chartered to load lumber at Chemainus for the United Kingdom at 72 shillings and 6 pence.

Shipping men are agitating for the passage of a law to prevent the building of the big lumber rafts, one of which containing 600,000 feet of piles is adrift off the California coast, and a menace to navigation. Last year another raft built by the same people went adrift in the same manner. The ranchers benefitted, but the unfortunate shipping men were ever thinking of wreck. The high seas is ultra vires of the law, and the only thing that can be done is to pass a law to prevent the building of the dangerous cigar shape booms. They are one of the greatest menaces to navigation ever put upon the waters, says a shipping man. As long as the raft holds together it can be sighted, but let one tag break loose and in a short time the whole thing goes to pieces. Any steamer running foul of the drifting flotsam would soon founder. The danger is fully appreciated by all coasting vessels, both steam and sail, and unless the raft is picked up before the break comes they will keep a careful lookout.

Where is steamer Clayoquot? is a question which is now keeping shipping men guessing. The little steamer, which runs from here to Texada, via ports, is over a day overdue. She may have been compelled to seek shelter during the heavy blow of Tuesday evening, and thus been delayed. Her owners had not received any advices concerning her up to the time of going to press. It is understood that the steamer will be withdrawn from the route shortly.

Tug Tyee arrived this afternoon. She will take the bark Harvester and ship Star of Italy to the Sound this evening.

Sschooner King Cyrus reached Tientsin on September 10 from Chemainus with lumber.

Steam freighter Fingal returned to Vancouver this morning with a full cargo of bricks.

Ship Elwell arrived yesterday en route to Chemainus to load lumber for Australia.

Steamer Islander left Vancouver at 1:45, connecting with the train from the East.

Steamer Olympia, of the N. P. Pac. left Yokohama yesterday for this port.

British ship Kelat sailed from Hongkong on September 4th for this port.

Steamer Utopia arrived at 1 p.m. from Seattle, via Dungeness and Angeles.

Steamer Amur left for Naas, Skidegate and way ports last evening.

Steamer Umatilla is due to-night from San Francisco.

LOCAL NEWS.

—The Wellington Agricultural Society holds its annual exhibition to-morrow. Comox exhibition is set down for the 21st and Nanaimo for the 22nd inst.

—There was a blaze last night at the end of Douglas street on the James Bay flats which attracted a large crowd of spectators and might have had serious results if it had not been checked in time. The burning debris fed the flames until they spread very widely. The City Engineer attended to it, a gang of men being also sent from the fire department.

—Ald. Humphrey has given notice of motion for next Monday's council meeting, which all those who have noted the great improvement the Fort street paving is, will wish may be successful. It is as follows: "That in accordance with the local improvement by-law 1892 and amendments thereto, this council hereby determines that it is desirable to have the following work carried out under the provisions of the said by-law and of the municipal clauses act and amendments thereto, viz., to have by means of wooden blocks, placed on a suitable foundation, in accordance with specifications to be approved by the city council, Yates street from Government street to Douglas street."

—There will in all probability be lots of fun in the city police court to-morrow morning. McCorkick, the man who is accused of a breach of the Public Morals By-law by using bad language in addressing Contractor Beaven regarding his discharge from the Fort street paving work, appeared this morning, with Mr. Wootton as his counsel, Mr. MacRae representing the prosecutor. Mr. Wootton explained that Mr. McPhillips had been retained, but could not attend this morning, so an adjournment until to-morrow was granted. Information has been laid against McCorkick requesting that he be bound over to keep the peace, and it is said a charge of assault will be laid against Beaven.

—The reports of hog cholera on the Island, which were prevalent some time ago, have been thoroughly investigated by Dr. S. Tolmie, acting under instructions from the department of agriculture. It was found that only three herds had been infected, one farmer at Elk Lake losing a hog, and the other cases being at Saanich. A Chinaman in the latter place lost his entire herd, and those of a white farmer, whose ranch adjoined that of the Celestial, afterwards died from the same cause. Dr. Tolmie disinfected the pens, and no further cases have been reported. The department is now in receipt of information to the effect that the complaint is prevalent in Lewis and Calam counties, in the state of Washington. In the former over a hundred head have died, and in the latter eight-seven. Glanders is also reported among the horses of Whatcom county.

SOLDIERS SENTENCED TO DEATH

Americans Found Guilty of Assaulting Native Women in Manila.

(Associated Press.)

Manila, via Hongkong, Sept. 15.—The papers assert that Corporal Damhoffer and Private Conine, of Company B, 16th infantry, have been sentenced to death by court-martial, and Private McBennett condemned to 20 years' imprisonment, for criminally assaulting native women in Manila a month ago. The papers state also that General Otis has recommended President McKinley to approve of the sentences, and he desires a public execution of the men sentenced as a warning against the repetition of the crime.

Register as Voters!

The First List is Cancelled and a New One Being Prepared.

A Chance to Secure an Up-to-date Register of Voters.

After having for years labored under the disadvantage of conducting elections for Dominion and provincial purposes on a register filled with glaring anomalies and containing hundreds of names of former voters now dead or absent, an opportunity is now given the people of Victoria to secure a list as nearly perfect as possible.

One of the much needed reforms to which members of the present government party, when in opposition, pledged themselves, was that which should tend to securing the purity of elections, and last session an act was passed giving authority to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to cancel the existing voters' lists for the cities of Victoria, Nanaimo and New Westminster.

Among those who have had experience in elections in Victoria there has long been absolute unanimity upon one point, viz., that the voters' list contained a very large number of names which should not be included. The cancellation of that list and the preparation of a new one was within the power of the government, but was never undertaken by the late administration. The present government have lost no time in moving in that direction and the result should be satisfactory to all concerned.

IT CANNOT BE TOO STRONGLY EMPHASIZED THAT IT IS NECESSARY FOR EVERY VOTER TO GET HIS NAME ON THE NEW LIST TO ENABLE HIM TO VOTE, AS THE PRESENT LIST IS ENTIRELY CANCELLED.

QUALIFICATIONS.

Every applicant for registration must be a male of the full age of 21 years, a British subject, resident in the province for SIX MONTHS and of the electoral district in which he desires to vote for ONE MONTH IMMEDIATELY PREVIOUS TO THE DATE OF HIS APPLICATION.

Although members of H. M. service and of the civil service are prohibited from voting in provincial elections they are entitled to vote at Dominion elections, and THE NEW LIST IS FOR DOMINION AND PROVINCIAL PURPOSES.

The following sections of the Dominion Franchise Act apply:

Sec. 5, sub-sec. C.—The voters' lists shall be prepared for the several polling divisions so established and which on the sixtieth day next preceding the day fixed for the nomination of candidates for such Dominion election were in force or were last in force under the laws of that province, for the purpose of provincial elections.

Sec. 6.—No person possessed of the qualifications generally required by the provincial law to entitle him to vote at a provincial election shall be disqualified from voting at a Dominion election, merely by reason of any reason of the provincial law disqualifying him from having his name on the list or from voting.

A—The holder of any office, or

B—Any person employed in any capacity in the public service of Canada or the province, or

C—Any person belonging to or engaged in any profession, calling, employment or occupation, or

D—Any one belonging to any other class of persons, who although possessed of the qualifications generally required by the provincial law, are by such law declared to be disqualified by reason of their belonging to such class.

Sub-sec. 2 of sec. 6 provides that persons whose names are omitted from the list by some disqualifying provision by provincial act may vote at a Dominion election by making a declaration before the officer in charge of the polling station.

The form which an applicant to be placed on the list is required to fill out is as follows:

REGISTRATION OF PROVINCIAL VOTERS.

Notice of Claim to be Given to the Collector.

To the Collector of the Riding of Electoral District.

I, the undersigned, claim to have my name inserted in the Register of Voters for the Riding of Electoral District, in virtue of my being a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, and having resided in this province for six months, and in the said Riding or Electoral District for one month immediately previous to the date hereof, and not being disqualified by any law in force in this province.

And I make the following statements knowing that if any of the same are false I am liable to a penalty of fifty dollars, and in default of payment imprisonment for two months.

Dated at , in the Province of British Columbia, this day of , 189 .

Signature.....

(All Christian names and surnames to be given at full length.)

Residence .....

(Full particulars to be given, such as number of house, if any, name of street, if any, etc., so that applicant's usual place of abode may be easily ascertained.)

Profession or calling .....

Interrogatories to be answered by claimants for enrolment as Provincial voters:

1. What is your Christian name, surname and occupation?

2. Are you of the full age of twenty-one years?

3. Are you a natural-born or naturalized subject, and which?

4. Have you ever taken the oath of allegiance to any foreign state or been naturalized as a subject of a foreign state, and if so have you been naturalized as a British subject, and when and where?

5. Have you resided in the province of British Columbia for six months prior to the date of your application to be registered as a Provincial voter?

6. Have you resided or had your chief place of abode in this Riding for a continuous period of one month prior to this date? If not in this Riding, in what (if any) Riding?

7. Are you now registered as a Provincial voter in any Riding in British Columbia?

8. Do you now reside in the Riding for which you apply to be registered as a Provincial voter? Give street number or other designation.

On what premises do you reside?

9. What is your post office address?

.....

Witness.....

NOTE.—Every applicant for registration as a Provincial voter whose name appears in the Register of the Riding, must have his name removed therefrom before he can be registered in another Riding.

The forms may be obtained free of charge at the office of Mr. Harvey Combe, deputy registrar of the supreme court, and he is the official with whom, duly filled up and signed, they are to be filed, but it is not absolutely necessary to go to him, as the forms may be also obtained at the government printing office or at the Times office, and the signature may be witnessed by any person.

After the name has been inserted for two weeks in the list of persons claiming to vote, and without any written objection being entered thereto, the collector shall enter such names on the register.

The court of revision for Victoria City electoral district will be held on November 6th, and the list must be completed some two or three weeks earlier than that.

IMMEDIATE REGISTRATION IS THEREFORE DESIRABLE.

Ald. R. T. Williams has a notice up on the bulletin board at the city hall, in which he states that at the next meeting of the city council he will move "that tenders, receivable until the 25th inst., at 4 o'clock p.m., be invited for the clerical labor necessary in securing the registration by the proper filling out of the necessary papers for the registration of all provincial voters within the municipality. Each tenderer to state the price expected for each name secured, on the understanding that a personal canvass shall be made of all such voters."

A Romancer And His Story

A Recent Arrival From San Francisco Tells a Strange Story of Dire Conspiracy.

Tells of Russian Nihilists and Their Attempts to Kill Him.

There arrived from San Francisco on the last trip of the Umatilla a man named Austin, who, to judge by his accent, is a Finn or a member of one of the Slav races. This man, if a story which he has told to a number of Victorians be true, is a fugitive from revengeful Russian Nihilists, who seek his life because he refused to become one of them. The story told by Austin is a gem, and, were it not given as truth, would entitle him to a place among the great writers of fiction. It is a story dealing with dire conspiracies to blow up British warships in a Russian harbor and cause war between the Lion and the Bear—a story of Nihilists and their attempts on the story-teller's life.

The story reached the ears of the present scribe some days ago, and as it is being told along the water-front, it is recorded—not labelled as fact—but told for what it is worth. The narrator of the story tells it as though it were true, and says he came here because the United States will not protect him from those who seek his life.

Some four or five years ago, so the story goes, Austin was a resident of Vladivostock, where he was engaged in the construction of flour mills. While there he was approached by a representative of the Alaska Fur Company and asked to join in a conspiracy to place a torpedo in Vladivostock harbor and blow up the first British warship that came in, a la U.S.S. Maine at Havana. He was shown a cave filled with explosives, which were to be used by the conspirators. He, however, refused to enter into such an arrangement, and it being afterwards dropped, the Maine incident was, fortunately for the Britishers, without a precedent in history, and war between Britain and Russia, which Austin says was the object of the conspiracy, was averted.

Austin says he was later asked to join the Nihilists, but although his companion, a well-to-do American, became a member of the secret Russian society, he refused to join them, and soon afterwards left for San Francisco.

His refusal, it seems, incensed the Russians, for he says they sent agents after him to San Francisco, and twice they attempted his life. On one occasion, he says, he was sitting on a wharf at San Francisco, when a stranger approached him and asked him if he would like to buy a Mexican cigar. He refused—he was smoking a pipe at the time—and the stranger gave him one. He lighted it after a while, but it not drawing well, he broke it up to put it in his pipe. And then, lo and behold! there was an intricate little machine and some high explosive matter, which, had he attempted to smoke the cigar, would have blown his head off. Other attempts, Austin says, were made on his life, but this was the most devilish.

Other little side stories of minor conspiracies by the Fur Company to get a charter to entitle them to seal along the Siberian coast, and stories of adventure with the Nihilists, are also told by Austin. Like the story given above, they all seem highly improbable. However, criticism as to their veracity is another story. They are not given as fact.

—We have a number of soiled blankets which we will dispose of at a considerable reduction. Weiler Bros. *

Sporting News.

YACHTING.

ACCIDENT TO THE SHAMROCK.

New York, Sept. 14.—The Shamrock yesterday met with an accident that would have lost her the race had she been contesting with the Columbia for the possession of the America cup. Her steel gaff broke at a point about ten feet from the gaws, and if she has not another gaff ready of the same length, it will be at least a week before she can sail again with the same mainsails. The present gaff and boom are the ones she is to race with in October, and the mainsail will not fit the spars she discarded on Tuesday.

LACROSSE.

TORONTO'S TEAM COMING WEST.

Toronto, Sept. 14.—The Toronto Lacrosse Club have, it is announced, accepted the invitation of the New Westminster club to visit British Columbia and play a series of games for the championship of Western Canada. The team will leave about the 1st of the month.

LAWN TENNIS.

IN SEATTLE.

Glorious weather favored the tennis players in the Queen City of the Sound yesterday, and there was a large crowd of spectators at the courts of the Seattle Tennis club. The result of the day's games were as follows:

Davis beat Newton, 6-4, 6-1.
Whitman beat Russell, 6-1, 6-2.
Ward beat Hurd, 6-3, 6-1.
Wright beat Foulkes, 3-6, 6-1, 6-4.

DOUBLES.

Ward and Davis beat Foulkes and Newton, 7-5, 6-4.

Whitman and Wright beat Hurd and Russell, 6-3, 6-3.

Newton and Davis are described by the Seattle papers as brilliant players, Davis being remarkable for his drives and the most brilliant serve ever seen on the court. Newton fought hard, but his efforts to save the game were ineffectual. Wright conquered Foulkes after the British Columbia champion had secured the first set. Foulkes is at a disadvantage, it is claimed, on the clay courts, being accustomed to the grass turf of his home ground.

THE RIFLE.

FOURTH SPOON SHOOT TO-MORROW.

The spoon shoot, which will be held to-morrow at Clover Point is the fourth of the series, and will be under the direction of Major Williams. The match will be a rehearsal of the Victoria match of the D. R. A., with the addition of the five hundred yard range. There will be seven shots at 200 yards standing, four at five hundred, and ten shots at six hundred yards. Shooting commences at 2 o'clock.

YACHTING.

TO-MORROW'S CUP RACES.

The third race of the series for Capt. Langley's cup will be run to-morrow, commencing at 2:30 o'clock p. m. The course is laid from the club house, around Brotchie ledge, finishing at the club house. The weather promises well for the event, for which there are four entries. These are the Vrill (Mr. Gore), which won the first cup race; the Noreen (Sergt.-Major Mulcahy), which won the second; the Lulneen (Mr. Drake), Viola (Mr. Simons), and Siren (Mr. Mallandaine.)

THE RING.

JEFFRIES REFUSED TO FIGHT.

(Associated Press.)

Queenstown, Sept. 15.—The Dominion steamer New England, which sailed from here to-day for Boston, has among her passengers James Jeffries, the champion. Jeffries was hissed in Cork yesterday evening because he refused to spar with a local celebrity named O'Connor, on the ground that it would be inadvisable to do so in view of his approaching fight with Sharkey.

NOTES FROM VANCOUVER.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Sept. 15.—The C. P. R. employees' annual picnic promises to be the event of the season. Trains leave for Agassiz at 8 o'clock. A programme of sports will be carried out and the Experimental Farm and Harrison visited.

The New Westminster lacrosse team have refused to play Vancouver on Saturday, the 23rd, for a set of lockets offered, as they have wired a challenge to the J. B. A. A. team. A committee of the New Westminster club has been appointed for the Fair week programme. The exhibition authorities are in communication with the Toronto lacrosse team.

The Dominion fishery inspector has received word from Ottawa that the cohoe fishing season will commence at 6 a.m. on Saturday, the 26th, not 6 p.m. on Friday, the 25th of September.

The performance of the Pirates of Penzance by local talent last evening was a great success.

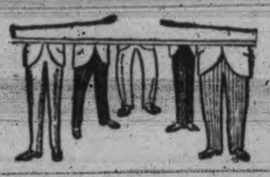
LETTER FROM MICHAEL DAVITT

—London, Sept. 15.—The papers are still flooded with Dreyfus letters, the most remarkable to-day being one from Mr. Michael Davitt, Irish Nationalist member of parliament, and Rev. Hugh Price Hughes, editor of the Methodist Times.

Mr. Davitt says English sympathy for the prisoner is entirely due to the fact that Dreyfus is a rich Jew instead of a poor one, and a desire to injure a rival nation.

"No absolutely innocent man," continued Mr. Davitt, "was ever convicted twice in any civilized country by a jury of his peers. No civilized country could produce a conspiracy of men, educated, cultured and responsible like the French military chiefs, to stoop to the baseness and infamy of plotting to ruin an insignificant petty officer. The supposition is too monstrous to be entertained by any mind unwarped by an anti-French feeling. What have you to say about Florence Maybrick? Your lord chief justice is said to believe in her innocence, so do many eminent Englishmen, and tens of thousands of Americans. Why has she not had a second trial? If innocent, she has suffered ten times more than Dreyfus could suffer."

Rev. Mr. Hugh Price Hughes in the Methodist Times protests against "the first of English gentlemen," the Prince of Wales, being allowed, as chairman of the British committee, to associate with liars, forgers and assassins.



Fit-Reform Trousers...

So busy telling you about Fit-Reform Suits (by the way, every sort of good suit from $10 to $20 is here) that we shamefully neglected your legs.

A test of good clothes making is perfect fitting trousers.

Fit-Reform trousers are made for long-legged, short-legged, slim-legged, fat-legged, bow-legged—all sorts of legged men—all sorts of patterns that all sorts of men like—$3, $4, $5, and $6.

The Fit-Reform Wardrobe,

VICTORIA, B.C.

Samples and self-measurement forms sent on application.

COME ALONG EVERYBODY

WITH YOUR

Freight for Dawson

We are open to receive freight for Dawson and way ports. We have carried most of the freight to Dawson this year, and without any accidents. We will ship freight from Lake Bennett until October 15th, and possibly later. We get the goods through and in good shape. Call and see us before booking elsewhere. It will pay you. All sizes of scows, barges and boats for sale at our Lake Bennett Mills.

The Victoria-Yukon Trading Co., Ld.

Head Office: 34 Broad Street. Mills: At Lake Bennett. Stores, Etc: At Dawson.

CABINET MEETING.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Sept. 15.—The meeting of the cabinet to-morrow will be attended by nearly all the ministers. Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. W. S. Fielding arrived to-day, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier comes to-night.

BLACKMAIL WITH BACILLI.

A blackmailing case with a humorous aspect is occupying the attention of the criminal courts at Gratz. An elderly lady of great wealth one day received a letter saying that if she did not send the sum of 10,000d. in small bank notes to a given address the writer would work a fearful revenge by opening in her room a bottle containing the bacilli of various infectious diseases, which would certainly cause her death. The lady appealed to the police, who discovered the would-be blackmailer. A bottle found in his possession really contained bacilli, which the culprit, who is a medical student, had stolen from his professor's lecture room. A sentence of eighteen months' hard labor was passed.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—R H Sparling, J H Dixon, G D Minty, Miss Briggs, Mrs Briggs, L H Hardie, J T Monteith, Capt Robertson, G Brimston, E M Hird, R J McRae, Rev Dr Steel, G F Stephens, W Goodwin, G W Goodwin, R Thomson, E Spencer, Miss Hayes, Miss Holmes, J F Belfrey, Miss Holmes, C P Higgins, Miss A Davis, C F Wilson, B Jeffrey, Mrs Johnson, A M Johnson, T W Haines, R C Spinks, J Spinks, J C Morton, H Lockwood, Mrs Shellds, W B Smith, F B Pemberton, W Henderson, A D Taylor, R Whitley, W W Miller, W H Robertson.

Per steamer Victorian from the Sound—C A Butler, L Lynch, D Domsmith, F E Domsmith, W I Lingy, H J Vaughn, F B Melville, B Pettingell, Mrs Pettingell, Mrs F L Goddard, J E Moss, Mrs E W Purdy, E B Peffer, J Mullen, M G Phipps, John King, W M Fell, R Schultz, D F Campbell, G D Carnes, E H Clarke, Mrs Halsted, J L Latimer, W A Ward, Mr De Linn, Mrs Harper, H M Saunders, H Morden, H Wilders, C Campbell, R L Thorne, Mrs Thorne, Miss Thorne, H E Thorne, Col Lambert, Wm Munsie, Mrs Munsie, Miss Maud Munsie, Miss A Fisk, J Robinson, Mrs Winter, H Verrick, D Ross, W G Hanson, Jno Miller.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Martin & Robertson, Hudson Bay Co, Pichon & Lenfesty, Phoenix B Co, R P Rithet & Co, W Rownass, J M Spinks, S Leiser & Co, J C Maclure, Miss A M Cole, Dom Exp Co M holles & R, E Wagg, G E Munro & Co, E W Pratt, Dominion C Co, G Longpre, H Mansell, Albion Iron W, Vic B & S Co, Naval S Keeper, E J Saunders.

Per steamer Victorian from the Sound—I. Goodacre, B C Market, Porter & Son, E G Prior & Co, Earsman, Hardie & Co, P R Stewart & Co, D Vasilitos, Thos Earle, Fell & Co.

—Victoria Cafe for cheap lunches. *

—Have you seen the $1 per dozen Printed Cups and Saucers at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street? *

Germany publishes about 20,000 books a year, France 11,000, Italy 9,000, England 6,000, and the United States 5,000.

Persons who are very plausible and excessively polite have generally some design upon you, as also religionists who call you "dear" the first time they see you.—Spurgeon.

Read! Read! Read!

Victoria has seen her worst days and is now steadily advancing. Now is your time to invest; you will never buy as cheap as you can to-day.

Here is a List of Only a Few of Our Bargains.

New two-story house and lot on Niagara street	$2,650
2 fine building lots on Garbally road, must be sold	500
House and lot, Pembroke street	1,300
Six-room cottage and large lot, good garden, Burnside road, owner leaving city, a sacrifice at	750
Business lot, corner of Pandora avenue and Broad street	7,500
2 lots, corner South Turner and Niagara streets, fine building site; we offer same cheap and on easy terms.	
Corner lot, fronting Beacon Hill Park	1,200
House and lot, Toronto street, easy terms	1,300
Fine residential lot on Rithet street	700
Wanted an offer for 4 lots (1 1-3 acres) on Simcoe street, fine building site; must be sold.	
2 lots on Menzies street, each	1,000
Acre lot, Gorge road, cheap at	850
Good lot with six-roomed cottage and stable on David street, which we can sell cheap and on good terms.	
Fine lot on Fort street, with double frontage	1,300
Two-story house on King's road, cheap at	1,250
Five-room cottage and lot on Yates street, cheap.	
Five-room cottage and lot on Johnson street	1,200
House and lot, Pembroke street	1,500
Large lot and brick cottage, Pembroke street	1,800
Half-lot and good house, Blanchard avenue	1,000

WE HAVE

Choice business properties for sale; improved farming lands, which we offer cheap; some fine bargains in residences in all parts of the city, large sums of money to loan at lowest rate of interest.

General Agents Phoenix Fire of Hartford. Rents collected.
Mining stocks bought and sold.
Do you wish to sell? If so, list your property with us. If you have any business in our line we invite you to call on us. It will pay you to do so.
Notaries Public and Conveyancers.

F. G. RICHARDS & CO.,

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agts. NO. 15 BROAD STREET.

DIED.

CARR—At Santa Barbara, California, on the 5th instant, Richard Henry, only son of the late Richard Carr, a native of Victoria, B.C., aged 25 years.

The funeral will take place on Saturday, the 16th instant, at 3:30 p. m., from the family residence, Carr street, Victoria, and at the Reformed Episcopal church at 4 o'clock.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

A hurricane swept over the Island of Anguilla, one of the Leeward group in the British West Indies, on the night of September 8. Two hundred houses were destroyed and 800 people rendered homeless.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for sleepless, nervous dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

Model yachts cost as much as $150, and may be considered fairly expensive playthings.

—Bobbinett lace curtains are probably the prettiest and most effective bedroom curtains on the market. Weiler Bros. have them in several grades. *

When a lobster's shell becomes too small it bursts it by a series of spasms and grows a new one.

—Victoria Cafe for cheap lunches. *